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State Library

If a flowering plant does not blossom, there's little beauty in it. If it is sick and faded and withered and lifeless, nobody cares for it. It falls short of its object in being. It is incomplete—unfinished.

Times without number women have been likened to flowers—and rightly. But what of her whose physical condition corresponds with the blossomless plant? What of the woman whom weakness has made not wholly and wholesomely a woman? Many things lead to derangement of a woman's delicate organism. It may be due to carelessness. It may be due to ignorance fostered by mistaken parents on the plea of preserving modesty.

It may result from improper treatment of some minor trouble. Whatever sickness a woman has, it seems always to affect the organs which make her a woman and these in turn work upon all the rest. There is much insanity among women. It is really surprising that there is not more.

The troubles peculiar to their sex work strongly on the nerves. They drag upon the most delicate nerves in the body and the inflammation always present causes a debilitating drain that will enervate the most robust.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has brought comfort and health to thousands of suffering women. For many years Dr. Pierce has been Chief Consulting Physician at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute at Buffalo, N. Y. He has used the Favorite Prescription" all the time, with unfailing success. With it, there is no need of the countenance blasted upon distressing examinations and "local treatment." Forty-one cents sent to World's Dispensary Association, Buffalo, N. Y., will secure a book of 1008 pages.

ELY'S CREAM BALM is a positive cure. Apply into the nostrils. It is quickly absorbed. 50 cents at Druggists or by mail (samples 10c. by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York City.

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NOTICE.

By virtue of the authority vested in me by a deed of trust executed by F. R. Rose and W. F. Leak, which is duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Cumberland County, I will offer for sale, at the Market House in the City of Fayetteville, at 12 o'clock M., on January 15, 1897, at public auction, certain real estate subject to the homestead rights of the said F. R. Rose and W. F. Leak. One lot on Hay street in the rear of the residence of Maj John B. Broadfoot, one lot in Fayetteville, on Hay street, between the Dobbin House and the McNeill building, one small lot just in the rear of the one last mentioned and a lot in the town of Autryville, unimproved. The above is subject to the homestead interest of F. R. Rose. A lot on Haymount just west of the residence lot of Mr. Walter Watson, being the lot formerly owned by Mr. T. J. Jordan. This lot is subject to the homestead interest of W. F. Leak.

E. J. LILLY, Assignee.

J. C. & S. H. MacRae, Attorneys. (10decwklyt

GOVERNOR CARR.

The Governor's message is so long that even the Raleigh News and Observer does not give it in full. That is because of the practice, becoming more and more common, of making of executive messages compendiums of departmental reports. It is a practice that robs the message of much of its persuasive power, but, upon the whole, it is most useful in these hurrying days when the complex activities of life render authoritative historical reviews of public affairs of vital importance to our enlarged electorate.

Be that as it may, our retiring Executive has presented to the newly assembled legislature an admirably digested history of the work of the State for the past two years, and he has added recommendations for legislative action which are wise and salutary.

In taking note of this last act of the last of a Democratic line of Governors—Vance, Jarvis, Scales, Fowle, Holt and Carr—who have shed lustre upon the State, we cannot refrain from expressing our sincere admiration of the ability and never flagging patriotism which has made the administration of Elias Carr something for the State to be proud of. We do not say this in a perfunctory spirit. Far from it; for North Carolina has never had a more devoted son in that high office, nor one who has conducted her affairs with more diligence and dignity. Unused to public affairs, Mr. Carr applied himself at once upon entering office to a laborious study of his duties. These he mastered so completely that he has left little room for just criticism of his acts, and his name will ever be held in respect as one of the best of the long line of patriotic chief magistrates with whom our State has been blessed.

THE SEAT OF THE TROUBLE.

The New York Journal contains this editorial note:

"It seems that Governor O'Ferrall's arrangement with the Virginia republicans has not expired. In addition to furnishing all the aid and encouragement possible to the enemies of the democratic party during the late campaign, Mr. O'Ferrall is now using his official position to build up the republican organization in that state. The democratic party has been feeding a choice collection of vipers for several years past, and O'Ferrall is one of the most conspicuous of the lot."

"The democratic party has been feeding a choice collection of vipers for several years past." That is the seat of the trouble with the party. The greater portion of its strength came from the South, and up to Mr. Cleveland's election for his first term the people of the South had been too much engrossed with the struggle for mere existence, which the result of the war imposed upon them, to acquaint themselves with national men and measures. As soon as the taste of the rich Federal spoils had corrupted the corruptible among us, the democratic party became a thing of two factions—one consisting of the great, honest masses together with a few of the leader class who were proof against the seductions of office holding, and the other of the machine leaders who had yielded to those seductions.

It has taken some time to uncover this parting of the two elements in their respective interests, but the issues of the recent campaign have effected that and it becomes the duty of the party now to make the segregation complete. Stop feeding the "vipers," and they will die or go over to the enemy where they belong.

TALL BUILDINGS.

Time was when the 284 feet of Trinity church spire in New York was considered sufficiently cloud-piercing to satisfy the altitudinous aspirations of the citizens of that town. With the invention of "elevators," however, a practical use for tall buildings was created which has led to some astonishing results. Not only were kitchens and dining rooms on the top floor made convenient and desirable, but each floor being as accessible as the other, the rental value became comparatively uniform from top to bottom. This became especially so as the "flat" idea—that is, the idea of using suites of apartments comprising all the different rooms and closets of an ordinary dwelling house spread out upon one floor or "flat"—became rooted here and Americanized. It was, as the reader no doubt knows, an importation from the continent of Europe, from France particularly, whose people used to say that so long as one's boundary walls were sufficient to separate him from his neighbor, it was immaterial whether those walls were horizontal or vertical, whereas the Englishman, being a curious creature anyway and doubtless inspired by his general land-greediness, never felt certain of his habitation unless he owned not only the ground it rested upon but "all the way from hell up to heaven."

The final result of the Americanization of the flat idea is an interesting illustration of the blending of antagonistic old-world ideas which our composite population so often leads to. We have the French flat mania bad; and, if we have not, following the Englishman's fancy, gone quite down to hell with the underground parts of our buildings, we have pierced the skies with our profane buildings much nearer to Heaven than ever sacred Trinity's famous spire has climbed.

Yesterday's New York World contains a picture of the tall buildings of that city strung out in a row, with the "dead-line" of 190 feet at which it is proposed by the Building and Fire Departments to limit future ones. A number of them are over 300 feet high, the "Ivins Syndicate" building reaching the enormous height of 386 feet!

President Alderman.

We acknowledge with thanks an invitation from the Trustees and Faculty of the University to be present at the inauguration of Prof. Edwin A. Alderman the new president.

The ceremony will take place January 27th in Gerrard Hall, Chapel Hill.

CURRENT COMMENT.

We regret to observe that a highly esteemed contemporary commits the grave error of repeating the slander that the Democratic party, in this State, in the late election, had offered State fusion, or co-operation, to the Populists and had been snubbed by them. The reverse is true. The Populists offered State fusion to the Democrats, and it was rejected—rejected, too, when it had almost been determined upon, and rejected as a result of the fine work of the slanderers. If it had not been rejected, Watson, not Russell, would be preparing for inauguration as Governor of our once proud State, and the lover of North Carolina would not have to hang his head in shame as he witnesses the black hordes of an alien race who now overrun her capitol.

* * *

If the "Mora claims" are honestly investigated, it is probable that the Cleveland administration will become a by-word for all that is vile.

Stories of Jackson.

New York Sun.)

When Andrew Jackson practiced law in Guilford county, N. C., the fees that rewarded him were meagre enough, and the young barrister was not always able to make his cash balance with his expense account. He practiced law in Surry, as well as in Guilford, and often spent a week at a time in the old tavern at Rockford, the county seat. This old town is now almost in ruins, but the older inhabitants who knew it in other days recall the stories Jackson's friends told of him.

Emanuel Cranor kept the Rockford tavern. Often Jackson was unable to pay his tavern bill, and the landord would let the amount go over until the next time. When Jackson departed from Guilford for his new home in Tennessee he left a bill of $24 due the tavern. Cranor sent him one dun after another, carefully noting on the book that no reply had been received. When the newspapers containing the accounts of the battle of New Orleans arrived, Cranor read the story through. He then walked across to the register, and wrote in red across the page beside Jackson's name:

"To balance in full by the battle of New Orleans."

The book is said to be in existence at this day.

Judge Fuller, of the United States Court of Land Claims, says that the idea that Jackson was rough and uncouth is entirely incorrect. He was well versed in the law and the opinions written by him while a Judge of the Supreme Court of Tennessee are said to be models of their kind.

It has just been discovered in the archives of Guilford county that Jackson was once a constable, with the rank of deputy sheriff. His oath and bond are now on file in the county documents, and one of the old citizens recalls the fact that the "oldest inhabitant" told him in his boyhood how Jackson was assistant to the High Sheriff.

The old minute dockett shows that Andrew Jackson was admitted to the Guilford bar in 1787 and was appointed constable in 1789, two years after. He resigned as constable in 1791. The bond as constable is payable to the Governor of North Carolina in the sum of £500 with John Ross and James Maxwell as sureties.

The records show that constables were required to appear once a year in open court, each with a wand or staff 6 feet long, 1½ inches in diameter, the top painted black. The High Sheriff was required to carry a staff 8 feet long. This long and solemn procession wended its way down the principal street and into the court room, where the records of the officers were reviewed.

Whether the scarcity of cases at law induced Jackson to become a constable, so as to add to his small income, or he wanted the honor of marching in this imposing annual procession is not recorded.

The Envoy to Utopia.

The Hon. Edward Oliver Wolcott, a Senator in Congress, sailed for Europe last Saturday on one of the most remarkable foreign missions ever intrusted to an American. There must be considerable merriment in his own bosom as he sits in the smoking room and contemplates his functions; and large parties must be already gathering on the English coast to wait for his arrival. "I am going to Europe," said Mr. Wolcott, "with the full knowledge and consent of Major McKinley, in the hope of promoting international bimettallism." No doubt Major McKinley believes that the voyage will do the Senator good, however little good it may do international bimettallism. But the Senator expressly denies that he is "commissioned to act as the representative of the [next] administration." "The only official character I acknowledge," he said with a dignified candor appropriate to the subject, "is derived from the Republican Senatorial Caucus Committee, whose envoy I am." The envoy is going to meet as many "bimettallists" as he can, and talk to them; and a very nice talker he is, handsome, witty, and of impressive size, even for so extraordinary an envoy as the envoy of the Republican Senate Caucus Committee must be.

"I am not sanguine of success," continued Senator Wolcott, who doesn't mean to lay up any unnecessary disappointment for the interesting enthusiasts who describe themselves as international bimettallists. It is all anybody could do under the circumstances.

Senator Wolcott's excursions as an envoy will take him to England and the Continent, but not to the spots where an envoy of a State Caucus Committee might hope to find a genuine and hopeful interest in international bimettallism. He has no guide book to Utopia or to the land East of the Sun and West of the Moon.

Two Hundred Per Cent.

New York World.)

On the high authority of Secretary Herbert the making of armor for our warships is so profitable that the two companies, the Bethlehem and the Carnegie, have paid the entire first cost of their plants and handsome dividends besides in less than ten years. He says that the net profit is not less than $383 a ton—that is, about 200 per cent.

He bases his estimates upon the cost of making good armor, not upon the cost of the sort of stuff these two companies have so patriotically supplied to our navy. He recommends that hereafter these profits should be cut in half. As the two companies are on Mr. Hanna's list of "campaign contributors," Mr. Herbert wasted ink and paper. It may have been some such reflection as this that caused him to forbear recommending that some worthier law officer than he has been associated with ought to prosecute these companies for cynically jeopardizing the lives of our sailors and perhaps the winning of decisive naval battles.

A Crisis in Spain.

Creelman's Madrid dispatch in N. Y. Journal.)

The revelations contained in my dispatches to the Journal have been such a profound shock to the Spanish government that the Epoca, the ministerial organ, has announced that the American Minister visited my hotel to ask me to leave Spain. The truth is that Mr. Taylor simply came to dine with me.

The whole power of the Government is being exerted to divert attention from the conspiracy of President Cleveland, Secretary Olney and Minister DeLome to smash the Cuban republic and force the insurgent armies to accept the mock reforms which, the Official Gazette of Madrid has announced, have been granted to Porto Rico.

The whole nation is thrilled with a sense of impending danger. The Imparcial and the Heraldo, two of the greatest newspapers in Spain, have horrified the country by boldly telling the truth about the wholesale corruption of Spanish officers in Cuba.

Everybody knows that Captain-General Weyler's campaign has proved a complete failure, and there is general talk of revolution in Spain. Canovas has ordered the prosecution of the two brave newspapers and has also condemned four others to rigid censorship, in order to prevent news from being telegraphed from Madrid.

ABLAZE WITH WILD EXCITEMENT.

Sagasta is leading the Liberal party in a general attack upon the government. The Republicans are ablaze with excitement. The bankruptcy of the nation can no longer be concealed. Never were there so many beggars in the streets of Spanish cities. Poverty holds up its its famished arms to God in witness of the iniquity and incapacity of Spain.

Every day brings news from Cuba that the insurgents have again been victorious and that millions of dollars sent to prosecute the war there find their way into the pockets of dishonest officials. The Spaniards are beginning to hear stories of their soldiers who have starved through corruption in the army.

The country cannot stand heavier taxes. The financial credit of the nation is gone. Weyler is silent, and it is at such a moment that President Cleveland proposes to assist Spain to overthrow an American Republic. It is incomprehensible. If Congress will ask for records in Secretary Olney's possession, showing the Spanish attempt to unite Europe against America, and will also investigate the failure of the State Department to present the claims for damages against Spain, Cleveland's administration will be promptly unmasked.

Let Congress demand the correspondence in the Delgado case, and force Olney to tell why that case is not now being pressed. Melguizo, who slapped the face of Delgado when the latter's hands were tied, who threw his certificate of American citizenship to the ground, and then ordered him to be shot, without accusation or trial, has been promoted to be Major-General, while his helpless American victim hobbles about on crutches. Let Congress ascertain why Spain has given no assurance of reparation for this appalling crime. The facts are in my possession, and I believe Congress ought to know them. If the facts of the Delgado case up to date were made public Olney would hang his head in shame.

Minister DeLome has dominated American diplomacy. Proclamations of reforms in Porto Rico and talk of American mediation is part of the plan to delay the action of Congress and at the same time to meet the growing power of Sagasta and the Liberals.

Canovas has said that he fears Sherman as Secretary of State. He knows that Sherman is a thorough American and cannot be controlled by DeLome, but he does not yet realize how little assistance he will have from McKinley in crushing the Cuban Republic.

There is not a statesman in Spain who believes that the monarchy can ever restore its sovereignty in Cuba without the moral assistance of the United States. Merchants, shopkeepers and people generally are crying out against the condition of things. Great newspapers have begun to echo the cry, but the Government has taken them by the throat. So far they have only revealed Spanish crimes in Cuba which touch their pockets, and are silent about the wholesale massacre of unarmed, helpless peasants, whose dying groans have aroused the conscience of the American people.

There are ugly rumors here of robberies and buteheries in the Philippines. The execution there of Dr. Rizal, a distinguished physician, novelist and patriot, has excited no public comment, although he was a lofty hero less than two months ago. Rizal was brought to Spain for trial, but the case against him was so weak that the Government feared the effect of his defence upon the public and sent him back to be slaughtered. So died a sincere lover of humanity and liberty, whose only crime was that he protested against priest-ridden despotism in the Philippines.

I was informed to day that Premier Canovas is considering the plan of proclaiming the bogus Abarzuza reforms in the provinces of Pinar del Rio and of Havana in Cuba in order to deceive Congress and to help Minister De Lome to secure delay. Spain's only hope is in Cleveland. Cuba's hope is her army, her cause and American conscience.

Even Canovas will fall from power within a month, as everybody expects, and if Campos is sent to succeed Weyler in Cuba it will simply mean an offer of reforms which the Cubans will never accept.

No thoughtful man can remain here long without realizing that the only sure and safe solution of the Cuban problem is the recognition of Cuban independence by the United States. To delay action means the complete desolation of the island, absolute ruin for Spain and possibly the overthrow of the Bourbon dynasty, which has been driven from every other throne in Europe.

Already discontented men in Spain are beginning to buy arms. Yesterday I stood in sight of a Government factory at Toledo, where swords are made to drink the blood of the innocent in Cuba, and saw hanging on the walls of an ancient church the chains which bound Christian captives in Grenada. Yet within that church is the council chamber where the Inquisition condemned heretics to be burned alive. It was typical of Spain.

Last night I saw women and children sleeping on the sidewalks of Madrid in all this bitter weather. This is Spain at the close of the nineteenth century.

Phœnix Cotton Mill.

The meeting of the stockholders of the Phœnix Cotton Manufacturing Company Thursday evening was well attended.

The reports from the officials were full, comprehensive and satisfactory.

The following gentlemen were elected Directors for the ensuing year: J. D. McNeill, Chas. Haigh, J. A. King, Jas. Huske, H. W. Lilly, Q. K. Nimocks, A. J. Cook, H. R. Horne and W. L. Holt.

Mr. Bryan on Past and Future.

A Lincoln, Nebraska, telegram of Wednesday's date, says:

"Bryan for President in 1900 was the central and inspiring idea in the State silver conference held here to-day by representatives of the silver wings of the three political parties. In enthusiasm the meeting has equalled, if not surpassed, those held before the election.

A permanent State organization was effected, which well be followed by systematic and thorough organization of counties, towns and precincts.

Mr. Bryan addressed the first session of the conference this morning, and was greeted with the wildest enthusiasm, the cheering lasting several minutes.

He said he he had nothing to regret in the campaign; no mistake having been made, which, if corrected, would have helped the cause. Three bodies, unused to working together, had entered the fight, and had emerged as compact a body as ever participated in a struggle.

"We meet now," he said, "to organize for the purpose of accomplishing in four years that which we were not able to accomplish in four short months."

He predicted that when that result was achieved Nebraska would be the most conspicuous State. He advised perfect equality in all respects between the parties working together, and the organization of bimetallic clubs in every precinct, with belief in free coinage of gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 as the only qualification to be required for admission.

The clubs were also urged to invite gold standard speakers to debate with their members, as only by discussion, Mr. Bryan said, could the truth be found. Many people who doubted the correctness of the doctrine of bimetallism had since the election been convinced that it was right.

"The fact that a distinguished Senator (Wolcott) is on his way to foreign countries to secure co-operation for bimetallism is an open confession that the gold standard is wrong," he said.

He feared, however, that the efforts would not be successful, as it would be very hard to secure the consent of people who were so deeply interested in making dollars dear.

Mr. Bryan also urged that laws be enacted prohibiting any corporation from contributing money to any political organization, as no corporation should be permitted to go into politics as a business.

To Investigate the Mora Claim.

Washington Correspondence New York Sun, 7th.)

A resolution introduced by Senator Chandler was adopted without formal opposition providing for an investigation by the Foreign Affairs Committee of all the circumstances connected with the payment of the notorious Mora claim by the Cleveland Administration in 1895, shortly after Mr. Olney became Secretary of State. The committee is empowered by the resolution to send for persons and papers to place witnesses under oath, and report to the Senate the full history from top to bottom of this suddenly adjudicated diplomatic claim. Senator Chandler's purpose in introducing this resolution was entirely unknown to his colleagues, who were, therefore, taken completely by surprise, and the pro Spanish Senators had no time to confer among themselves as to what attitude they should take.

Senator Chandler and other Senators are of the opinion that when the information on file in the State Department is published concerning the disposition made of the $1,500,000 and the names of the persons who shared in it as "lawyers," it will cause some surprise to those who have claimed that no officials of the Administration were in any way interested in the payment of the claim. That the Spanish Government paid over the money on the threat of interference by the United States in behalf of Cuba unless settlement should be made at once, there appears to be no doubt whatever, and under the terms of the Chandler resolution the Committee on Foreign Relations will ascertain whether the money was paid to a Mora syndicate, and, if so, the names of the persons composing it.

Mr. Chandler's resolution of investigation having been adopted in executive session, the work of the committee will be conducted in secret and the report made to the Senate behind closed doors. As the Seate a few years ago summarily removed one of its oldest and most faithful employees because he was said by the Senatorial smelling committee to be the person who made public executive session news, there is now, of course, no "leak" by which information as to what takes place in executive session can reach the public. It is possible, however, that some one will be found to take the place of the discharged official and give to the people the result of the investigation of the Foreign Relations Committee into the circumstances of the payment of the Mora claims.

The New York Capitol.

The New York World, in speaking of the State Capitol at Albany, says:

It is a scandal of large proportions. It has been thirty years in construction and is still in an unseemly condition of incompletness.

The unfinished Capitol has cost more than $22,000,000 already, and Heaven only knows how much more it is to cost Yet the Capitol at Washington, one of the noblest public buildings in the whole world, a vast vast architectural pile twice the size of the Albany building, one upon which money has been lavished without stint and one whose every column is a monolith that excites the wonder of artists and architects and critics, has cost only $17,000,000, including the repairs and alterations of three quarters of a century.

If Gov. Black can induce the Legislature at this session to end the scandal of the Capitol swindle, as it easily may, he will render a public service of no mean proportions.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.

Whereas our late brother Thomas J. Jordan passed away from this mortal life on Tuesday morning, December 22nd, 1896 in his 62nd year, having been a faithful member of this Lodge for twenty-five years, and

Whereas we are deeply grieved by this sad bereavement and desire to give expression to our appreciation of his upright character and his amiable and generous disposition, the members of Cumberland Lodge, No. 5, Knights of Pythias do hereby resolve:

1st. That his walk in life was a touching example of the strict integrity, unostentatious benevolence, and open-hearted charity inculcated by our order, and that we shall cherish his memory with warm, sincere and fraternal regard.

2nd. That we tender to his stricken family our heartfelt sympathy.

3rd. That a chair in our Castle Hall be draped in mourning for a period of thirty days, in memory of our deceased brother.

4th. That a page in our book of records be set apart for these resolutions and that copies be sent to his family and furnished to the town papers for publication

H. R HORNE,
H. McD. ROBINSON,
W. W. COLE,
Committee.

Dec. 29, 1896.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

New Year.

Charles W. Hubner, in the Messenger.)

At last the gray old Year is dead,
And the New cometh in his stead,
Right merrily singing:
Hail, Pilgrim from time's morning-land!
We welcome thee with open hand,
And joy-bells ringing.

His rosy face seems girlish fair;
But yet, though kind and debonair,
His mien is mannish;
But so much like a dream seems he,
Each moment I expect to see
The Vision vanish.

Just like him once the old year seemed—
Twelve months ago, O how we dreamed
Of life, love, glory,
When he came singing down the way,
To tell us (was it yesterday?)
The same old story!

Fair promises he made us then—
How few fulfilled—and yet, again
On Hope relying,
Though well we know her tales deceive,
This youngster's flatteries we believe,
Not one denying.

God bless the old Year dead and gone!
We know the good that we have done,
Each brave endeavor.
Each noble deed, each holy trust,
Again shall blossom from the dust,
And live forever.

All hail, young Year! Life's new-born Lord!
Yes, we will take thee at thy word,
And without grieving
Turn from the old Year, dead and gone,
To shout, as thou dost mount the throne:
"Hail to the living!"

Queen Lil.

Ex-Queen Lilliokulani, of the Hawaiian Islands, was a passenger on the Southern's vestibule train lately, enroute for Boston, where she went to visit relatives of her late husband, John Dominis. The Pullman car in which she travelled was well along toward the rear of the train and it was only a few persons who took the trouble to edge their way between the trains to get a glympse of her highness. She has an aversion to being the object of curiosity and hastily withdrew from the car window when she found a small crowd gazing at her, but when the train pulled out she was in her seat and a good view of her secured. Her suite consisted of a maid and private Secretary.

A New York paper in describing her appearance said: "To be exact, the ex-Queen is not as beautiful as a queen acting or retired really ought to be. She is a decided brunette, with straight black hair, mixed with gray. At first sight she has the air of a highly respectable colored woman out on a marketing expidition. Her nose is quite different from the Grecian mould, being rather flat, with wide nostrils. She is pretty solid in build, and could fill any ordinary throne built for two. Her pearly white teeth are rather too far apart for our conventional ideals of beauty. Her face is an intelligent one, and her eyes tell that she knows a whole lot to which she has never made affidavit." She avows that her visit to this country has no political significance, and that she has no intention of calling on the resident.

The Twenty-first Annual State Convention of the Young Men's Christian Association will meet at Winston-Salem February 19-22. Messrs. W. C. Dowd, Chas. W. Tillett, J. M. Rogers and Geo. B. Hana were appointed a committee to arrange a programme which will be one of the strongest ever presented. Delegates from all the Young Men's Christian Associations in North Carolina, and all Christian workers will be welcome. All persons interested should correspond with Mr. F. P. Turner, State Secretary, Charlotte, N. C.

Mr. S. M. Sayford, College Evangelist, has recently visited the following institutions in North Carolina: Trinity College, University of North Carolina, Davidson College, Agricultural & Mechanical College and Wake Forest College. Although his stay at each institution was very short, the Christian men were very greatly helped and many students entered into a covenant to move forward in their christian life. Mr. Sayford is in a unique position; representing no organization or movement. He has for the past nine years devoted all his time and strength to Christian work among the Colleges, during which time he has visited more than 300 institutions. God has wonderfully blessed him in this work.

Sarsaparilla Sense.

Any sarsaparilla is sarsaparilla. True. So any tea is tea. So any flour is flour. But grades differ. *You want the best.* It's so with sarsaparilla. There are grades. You want the best. If you understood sarsaparilla as well as you do tea and flour it would be easy to determine. But you don't. How should you? When you are going to buy a commodity whose value you don't know, you pick out an old established house to trade with, and trust their experience and reputation. Do so when buying sarsaparilla.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla has been on the market 50 years. Your grandfather used Ayer's. It is a reputable medicine. *There are many Sarsaparillas—but only one Ayer's.* It cures.

The congregation of the colored methodist church at Shermantown are building a parsonage.

SEVENTY-FIRST ITEMS.

SEVENTY-FIRST, Jan. 6, 1897.

Friday evening was pleasantly spent at Mr. Shaw's, where all partook as liberally as the contracted state of the currency allowed of the delicacies provided by the committee, making our initial venture sufficiently successful to encourage second attempts.

Among recent transient visitors we note Miss Nan McNeill, of Fayetteville, Mr. and Mrs. Neill McNeill, Miss Mary Jennette McNeill and Mr. John Mailoy, of Parkton. We hope that these will come again another day, when they have some time to stay.

Miss Bettie McArthur, of Spout Springs, has been visiting the family of her uncle, Mr. J. A. McArthur.

Miss Fannie McPherson left Saturday for Greensboro, whither she goes to attend the Normal and Industrial School.

Mr. W. M. McPherson, who spent the holidays with his parents, returned to Alabama Sunday night.

We regret to chronicle the very serious illness of Mr. William Sessoms; he is suffering from pneumonia and little hope is entertained of his recovery.

Raeford Institute re-opened Tuesday, the 5th. This school, though only in its second year, has an attendance of seventy-five and most flattering prospects.

Miss Flora Lamont, who is music teacher in the High School at Tatum, S. C., and Miss Christiana McFadyen, of the Primary department of the Red Springs Seminary, spent the holidays at home.

Succeeding the silvery chimes of the happy Christmas time, the first day of the New Year ushered in a golden bell. The occasion of its ringing was the marriage of Mr. N. R. McNeill, son of the late John D. McNeill, to Miss McDiarmid, daughter of Mr. Norman McDiarmid.

The new book of 1897 is before us, and we have already filled six of its spotless pages, the record is begun, with each one an historian—each month a chapter, each week a page, every day a paragraph, every hour a sentence and each minute a word. Let us hope that *finis* may close a book of golden deeds, sweet thoughtfulnesses and helpful accomplishments. In the language of Tiny Tim, "May God bless us every one!"

SCOTCH LASSIE.

Thousands of Women
SUFFER UNTOLD MISERIES.
BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR,
ACTS AS A SPECIFIC
By Arousing to Healthy Action all her Organs.
It causes health to bloom, and joy to reign throughout the frame.
... It Never Fails to Regulate ...
"My wife has been under treatment of leading physicians three years, without benefit. After using three bottles of BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR she can do her own cooking, milking and washing."
S. S. BRYAN, Henderson, Ala.
BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.
Sold by druggists at $1.00 per bottle.

Evangelist Fife Wednesday Night.

Evangelist W. P. Fife preached at the sanctificationists tent Wednesday night to an enormous crowd. He spoke from the platform, surrounded by nearly a hundred sanctified persons, who went in ecstacies over his remarks.

The Evangelist has lost none of his old time fire and enthusiasm and is just the same as when he last preached here—his fine voice is the same and his gestures are more graceful. He is a most entertaining speaker and kept the audience in rapt attention for over two hours.

He opened his remarks by saying that he had been criticized by people for having anything to do with the sanctificationists but that they were as good and sincere as any other religious body and even if they were humbugs there were souls in that tent to save and he was going to aid in their salvation. He then launched forth upon his subject: "The Second Coming of Christ," and made a powerful address.

During the course of his remarks he said that the people need not look for good times, that they were not coming. He said that McKinley legislation can not give us prosperity, neither would we have prosperity if Bryan was to be the next President, good times were gone and gone forever, banks and business houses would continue to fail, wars multiply, and general destruction, until the millenium, which was not far distant.

He said that it is stated that over 100,000 Jews are already in Jerusalem, and that the Bible says that when 144,000 are assembled there then the end will come, and that a famous preacher has stated that the columns for the great temple at Jerusalem are already being constructed in Rome.

"Another evidence," said Mr. Fife, "that the millenium is near at hand is to be found in the great religious revivals all over the world, and the frequent mention of the approaching event by the newspapers and great men everywhere."

A Vile Scoundrel.

Thursday for the first time since their meeting here the sanctificationists took up a collection. There was the same immense crowd present and a good amount was realized. When the money was being counted a five dollar Confederate bill was in one of the hats. The gentleman who had passed around this hat then remembered that some one had put in a five dollar bill and taken out four dollars in change. He says he knows the guilty person, but refuses to divulge his name. The sanctification leaders do not want to prosecute. The authorities of the law should take this matter in hand, find out the scoundrel and prosecute him to the very limits of the law.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

C. W. BIDGOOD,
ATTORNEY at LAW,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
OFFICE ON DONALDSON STREET.
10-31-6m]

ED. R. MacKETHAN
Attorney and Counsellor,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

J. F. HIGHSMITH, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office:—Green street, opposite OBSERVER Office, on site of old Dr. Benj. Robinson office.
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J. H. MARSH M. D.,
—PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.—
Office N. E. Corner Market Square.
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

E. L. HUNTER, D. D. S. THOMAS M. HUNTER, D. D
DRS. HUNTER,
DENTISTS
Northeast Corner Market Square,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C
April 29, 1880. tf

DR. G. B. PATTERSON. DR. J. S. BETTS.
Drs. PATTERSON & BETTS,
DENTISTS.
OFFICE OVER Bank of Fayetteville,
FAYETTEVILLE, N.C.
Offer their services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.

NORTH CAROLINA, } Superior Court.
CUMBERLAND COUNTY. }
E. L. Clark
vs.
J. B. Carr.

It appearing to the undersigned Clerk the Superior Court of Cumberland County from the affidavit of E. L. Clark, the plaintiff, in the above entitled action that the defendant after due diligence cannot be found in the State, and the plaintiff has a good cause of action against said defendant and it further appearing that said defendant has departed from the State with intent to defraud his creditors, it is therefore ordered by the Court that notice of this action be published once a week in the "Fayetteville Observer," a newspaper published, setting forth the title of this action, the issuing of the attachment, and requiring the defendant to appear before the Judge of our Superior Court, a Court to be held in the County of Cumberland, at the Court House in Fayetteville on the 6th Monday before the first Monday in March, 1897, and answer or demur to the complaint of said plaintiff which will be deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of said County during the first three days of said term, and let the said defendant take notice that if he fail to answer said complaint within that term the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

This Dec. 2, 1896.

CYRUS MURPHY, C. S. C.
J. G. SHAW, Att'y Pl'ff.

NORTH CAROLINA, } Treasurer's
CUMBERLAND COUNTY. } Office.

At the January meeting of the Board of County Commissioners it was ordered:

That the Treasurer of said County be directed to call in of the outstanding indebtedness of Cumberland County one (1) thousand dollars ($1,000) of the debt known as the "Bridge Bond debt," and that no interest thereon be allowed or paid by said County from and after February 10th, 1897.

In accordance with said order the holders of "Bridge Bonds" No. 3, of the denomination of five hundred dollars, and Nos. 81, 78, 99, 11 and 28 of the denomination of one hundred dollars ($100) each are hereby notified that the same have been drawn by lot, and are called in for redemption and payment, and they will present the same to the undersigned at his office either in person or by attorney on or before the 10th day of February, 1897, for redemption and payment, and if they fail to do so no interest will be paid on same after above date.

J. B. TROY,
Jan'y 5, 1897. County Treasurer.

In the Superior Court
November Term, 1896.

NORTH CAROLINA, }
CUMBERLAND COUNTY. }
Tama McDaniel vs. John Williams.
Publication of Summons.

The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of Cumberland County to foreclose a mortgage on real estate in the said county executed by the defendant to G. C. Seurlock, the then agent of the plaintiff. The defendant will also take notice that he is required to appear at the next term of the Superior Court of the said county to be held on the 6th Monday before the first Monday in March, 1897, at the Court House of the said County, in Fayetteville, N. C., and answer or demur to the complaint in the said action, or plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

CYRUS MURPHY, C. S. C.

This Nov. 27th, 1896.

Executor's Notice.

Having qualified as executor of the last will and testament of the late William J. MacPhail this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 7th day of January, 1898, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

All persons indebted to the estate will please make immediate payment.

This 7th day of January, 1897.

HUGH A. MacPHAIL, Executor.

C. W. BROADFOOT, Att'y.

NOTICE.

On Monday, January 11, 1897, as the administrator of Daniel McDonald, deceased, I will offer for sale at the residence of the deceased, all the personal property of the said deseased, consisting of one family horse, household and kitchen furniture, one steam engine boiler and all attachments, cotton gin and grist mill and farming utensils.

J. L. McDONALD, Administrator.

THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.....JANUARY 14, 1897.

E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

E. J. HALE, Jr., General Business Manager.

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

FOR PRESIDENT of the UNITED STATES in 1901

WILLIAM J. BRYAN.

BUSINESS MEN IN OFFICE.

The Atlanta Constitution refers to the complaint of the Philadelphia Manufacturer, a leading industrial publication, that the United States Senate is overrun with lawyers. The Manufacturer thinks that a few level headed business men are very greatly needed in that body, especially such men as Mr. John Wanamaker, in behalf of whose senatorial aspirations it was at the time writing. As constituted in the first session of the 54th Congress, the Senate consisted of: lawyers, 68; business men, including bankers, miners, shipowners and stock-raisers, 13; preachers, 1; farmers, 3; journalists, 2; surgeons, 1; and office holders, so called in the absence of a better classification, 3.

Instead of this preponderance of lawyers, the Manufacturer takes the position that each of the leading branches of employment in the country should be fairly represented in the Senate and that no single branch should enjoy a monopoly.

Upon this our Atlanta contemporary remarks:

Without commenting at length upon the views of the Manufacturer, it is sufficient to observe that the business man is rapidly coming to the front as a legislator and that conditions will properly adjust themselves in the course of time. One reason why lawyers have been selected heretofore to manage the legislative affairs of the country is due to their professional training in legal matters, and especially in public speaking. The time has come, however, when business men as well as lawyers can hold their own in debate and when they are capable, too, of directing the affairs of government. Without unnecessarily the service which the legal profession has rendered the country in times past, and what it still renders, it is only just to the industrial and commercial interests of the present day that the need of business men in office should be strongly emphasized.

Both of our contemporaries overlook an important fact in discussing this subject. It is that, as we receded from the colonial period, the lawyer came more and more in evidence as a fit person to make a legislator of. And that was the result of the increased attention bestowed upon the physical sciences in our institutions of learning, to the detriment of a "liberal" education such as fits one for public life.

The change was naturally more rapid and pronounced in the Northern States than in the Southern, where the institution of slavery restrained the democratic tendency of our ante bellum institutions.

As we have had occasion to point out before, the University of Virginia was the exponent of the new order of things in the South, as the University of North Carolina was the chief exponent and the citadel of the old conservative system of education, which we inherited from England, and which was intended to turn out well-rounded men of education fitted for lives of elegant leisure or of public service, as the case might be.

But, while this difference between North and South was to be noted, the general fact remained that our lawyer class was the nearest approach we had to a class trained for public service. In England, on the contrary, the House of Commons contains but a small percentage of lawyers. Merchants, manufacturers and country gentlemen predominate. But these latter classes consist of well educated men, usually University men, and they make better legislators than the mere lawyer because their training has been broader. Until recently, the American business man's education has been deficient, and his vocation limited his vision to a narrow horizon—even narrower than that of the lawyer. Not so with the British business man, the free trade system of whose country opened the world to his enterprise and made of him a great geographer and statistician and a student of many forms of government, as self-interest forced him thus to calculate the stability of the various States whose citizens sought credit at his hands.

It is a question whether we shall be able to produce as high an order of business man as the English, for it is Oxford and Cambridge (the Chapel Hills of England), and not the University of the City of London (the University of Virginia of England), which have educated the merchant statesmen of the British empire, as well as her nobles. And the ante-bellum Chapel Hills are things of the past.

See, in this connection, the article elsewhere entitled "Congressmen."

LET THE ISSUE BE MADE.

We observe that the Atlanta Journal and some other papers of that class invariably take sides with Mr. Cleveland and his Republican administration as against the Democrats. A notable instance is in the case of Olney's treasonable utterances against the Republic. They approve of his position. During the campaign they gave a perfunctory support to the Democratic national ticket, but much of their editorial and other matter favored the cause of the enemies of that ticket.

There is an increasing disposition on the part of those who formally bolted the Democratic ticket in the late election, as well as of those who professed to favor the ticket while advocating measures calculated to defeat it, to dictate the party's policy—just as if they represented the six and a half millions of Democrats who voted the national ticket instead of the hundred and thirty thousand who bolted it.

It is time that this impudent proceeding should receive an authoritative rebuke, and we are rejoiced to believe that such a rebuke is about to be administered. Thus—

A recent Washington letter says:

"The silver senators have been considering among themselves during the Christmas recess the question of the attitude they shall assume on the nominations to office made in place of silver men who were removed because of their alleged participation in the recent campaign, and have decided with practical unanimity to oppose confirmation. The matter has been placed largely in the hands of Senator Jones of Arkansas, because he is both a silver advocate and chairman of the Democratic National committee.

"Senator Jones says that ordinarily he has no disposition to interfere with the presidential prerogatives. He thinks that in cases where there have been removals justice to all parties interested calls for an investigation of the charges upon which the displacements were made. It now looks that the question which these removals will raise may be the first since the election to *cause an allignment of parties on financial questions* in the senate.

"The indications are that the silver Republicans who bolted the St. Louis convention and the Populists will stand with the silver Democrats in opposing confirmation, while it is probable the Republicans and gold Democrats will support the presidential appointees in most cases.

"In remonstrances sent to senators against the confirmation of the appointees for the Illinois offices, made vacant because of 'pernicious political activity,' it is urged that the men removed participated in the campaign to no greater extent than did Secretary Carlisle, Comptroller Eckels and Postmaster Hesing, of Chicago, and 'hundreds of other officials.'"

"Senator Jones says he does not want the nominations pigeon holed or confirmations defeated in any indirect way, but he wants them voted upon in the senate and directly confirmed or rejected. He thinks the senate should pass upon the questions involved in the nominations."

That is right. The party, in its national convention, repudiated Mr. Cleveland and his anti-silver heresy. Let it give him an object lesson of its sincerity. Here is the opportunity to do so in the only way in which experience teaches us his dull sensibilities can be reached. To neglect to avail ourselves of it would only encourage his handful of followers—the handful who are already asserting that the wisdom of one hundred thousand voters (who voted on the traitor's side) is greater than that of sixty hundred thousand (who voted on the loyal side).

AN INDUSTRIAL THERMOMETRE.

The Wilmington Star quotes the following from the Baltimore Sun:

"The past year was a bad one for railroads, since 5,441 miles went into the hands of receivers involving $173,064,000 of bonds, and $102,538,000 of stocks. The B. & O., with 2,094 miles, and the Louisville, New Albany and Chicago, with 501 miles, were the principal sufferers. The present era of receiverships began, says the Railway Age, in 1892, when 10,508 miles of road were involved. In 1893 the mileage was 29,340 miles, in 1894 it was 7,025 miles, in 1895 it was 4,089 miles. To find like figures we have to go back to 1885, when 8,386 miles went into receivers' hands and 1884, when the mileage was 11,038 miles. In the intermediate years the average was little over 2,000 miles. The five years beginning with 1892 broke the record. Foreclosures in 1896 affected 1,373 miles and 1,150,377,000 of stocks and bonds. Since 1876 the sales under foreclosure have aggregated 89,487 miles [out of a total of 183,000 miles in the whole of the Union], with $5,440,229,000 of stocks and bonds. Farmers, it seems, have not been the only sufferers in the two decades. The 'bloated bondholder' and Wall street have had their losses also. The plain truth is that when one large interest is affected all other interests sympathize with it in a practical way."

The Star recalls the fact that the Baltimore Sun was one of the most unyielding advocates of the gold standard, and one of the bitterest opponents of Mr. Bryan in the late campaign. The concession made by the Baltimore paper in its last three sentences is therefore of the more importance.

The rate of railway building has long been regarded as an industrial thermometre, because it indicates the degree in which the people are producing transportable articles and finding consumers able to buy them. Everyone's observation tells him that the mercury in this thermometre has in the past four years gone down to zero, but it is interesting to get the figures for the whole period covered by the demonetization of silver as an active agency. We say as an "active agency," because the ultimate effect intended by the single-standard conspirators did not begin to operate until the law calling for the resumption of specie payments began to "squeeze the water" out of all values as well as out of stocks and bonds.

This writer knows a city where miles of brown stone houses were about that time (1876) surrendered by their owners to the mortgage holders (usually great insurance companies) with thanks, if only the latter would release them from further obligation. Thus the great corporation mortgagees came into full possession of property that was as valuable, for all the uses of man, the day after it changed hands as before. The houses had as many rooms and closets and water faucets and tubs and ranges and bath rooms as they had ever had; the sun smiled upon their glittering fronts, in his time, with undiminished warmth; and the winter's blast was no severer. Yet, in an average fifteen thousand dollar house, the small owner's nine thousand dollars' investment was swept out of existence, and the great corporation got the whole property for the remaining six. The agents of the great corporations wept buckets of tears over the loss their principals were forced to endure by reason of the default of the wicked and improvident small owners; but, all the same, the "surplus" of the great corporations grew and grew, and the splendid piles that housed them shot up further and further into the skies, as the light of hope went out from more and more thousands of their "thankful" clients.

While it is possible to kill the goose that lays the golden eggs, and, as we have often predicted would be the case, for all the producing, mercantile and small-lending classes, short of the ultimate coupon-clippers, to suffer each from the industrial and trade paralysis of the class below, the time of the "bloated bondholder" and of Wall Street has not yet come. The Sun is merely throwing a tub to the whale of public sentiment when it includes them in the list of sufferers by the shrinkage of value. Investigation will disclose the fact that they at last own the whole property in which, at the beginning of the shrinkage, they possessed only an equity.

Our industrial thermometre shows, by the cessation of railway building, that we have reached this final stage.

CURRENT COMMENT.

In his message to the Illinois legislature, Governor Altgeld, under the heading, "The Real Enemies of the State," says: "It is the greedy and the powerful who pull down the pillars of State. Greed, corruption, and Pharisaism are to-day sapping the foundations of government. It is the criminal rich and their hangers-on who are the real Anarchists of our time. They rely on fraud and brute force. They use the Government as a convenience, and make justice the handmaid of wrong. Only those nations grow great which correct abuses, make reforms, and listen to the voice of the struggling masses." The New York Times calls this excellent statement of well known truths, an "Attack on Wealth"! This mugwump journal had no rebuke to make of Mr. Cleveland's using the expression, the "Communism of Pelf," to describe the same conditions which Governor Altgeld refers to.

* * *

Nothing so surely reveals the alien birth and continued alien affections of those who have come into North Carolina from abroad as the use of the expression "the State University at Chapel Hill," or "the State University," when referring to the University. When one, within the borders of North Carolina and through a North Carolina newspaper, speaks of "the Governor" or "the Legislature," he means the Governor of North Carolina, or the Legislature of North Carolina. It is not necessary to say the "State Governor" or "the State Legislature." The University lacks but a few years of being as old as the State, and, before the war, when it supplied statesmen and great divines to a score of States, it was the chief source of our renown. We have even known, once or twice since the evil days of Reconstruction, a North Carolinian to speak of "the University," here in North Carolina, when he meant to designate a University in another State. North Carolinians should gladly welcome good citizens who come to North Carolina from abroad to live, and should cherish her own educated sons no matter where their training was acquired, but no one should be suffered to belittle her honored institutions in the way described, without rebuke.

Congressmen.

Philadelphia Record.)

Men who by the accidents of politics have found their way into Congressional life are apt to overestimate their importance. Except the few men of marked ability, the great mass of our members of Congress are but little known to the general public. Their names make no impression. To their own constituents they have a local standing; but to other constituencies their place in creation is vague and shadowy. To the members themselves who have moved heaven and earth to secure nomination and election the sense of their real insignificance is not always borne in upon them. At home they have the countenance of their party and the flattery of their local political satellites; but in Congress, whether in the Senate or the House of Representatives, the ordinary member quickly finds his level. Unless possessed of more than the usual quantum of vanity, he cannot help feeling his real position. The difference between the favor of his partisans at home and the recognition of his true character and merits by his colleagues in Congress is great, and cannot be mistaken by the most obtuse.

In an article on the House of Commons in the January issue of the Cornhill Magazine, Augustine Birrell, member of that body, refers to the distinction between the position of members of Parliament inside and outside of Westminster. He says:

"A marked characteristic of the House of Commons is the total indifference to outside reputations or great fortunes. Local magnates, manufacturers whose chimneys blacken a whole countryside, merchants whose ships plow the broad and narrow seas, speculators in cotton and in sugar, Mayors and provosts whose portraits adorn town halls, whose names are household words in their own districts, lawyers so eminent that they will not open their mouths in the Courts for less than a hundred guineas, need not hope to be received by the House of Commons other wise than with languid indifference. If they prove to be bores, so much the worse; if they prove not to be bores, so much the better. If they push themselves to the front it will be by Parliamentary methods; if they remain insignificant it is only what was to be expected. Never was an assembly so far from all taint of mercenariness as the House of Commons. It doesn't care a snap of its fingers whether the income of a new member is £100,000 a year or £3 a week, whether his father was a duke, or a blacksmith; its only concern with him is that if he has anything to say he may say it, and that if he has nothing to say he will say nothing."

The truth is that the business of legislation requires a special capacity and a special training. None should attempt it without a mastery of the history and principles of constitutional law, without an equal mastery of political economy and social science, and without a large acquaintance with the affairs of mankind. If to these acquirements be added high character and powers of expression we have a legislator who is equipped for useful service, and whose efforts may redound to the good of his country and to the establishment of his own fame. But to the American no position is too high for his aspirations, and he is apt to seek legislative honors on the meagerest equipment. Unhappily, he too often through the machinery of party finds himself in the Assembly of his own State or in the halls of Congress. The constituencies of our legislative districts everywhere throughout the country should manifest a discriminating interest in the selection of their representatives, and should see to it that none but fit men shall be intrusted with that honorable office. The good name of their respective States and the fame and welfare of their common country demand this patriotic service at their hands.

The C. F. & Y. V. Case To-day.

The fate of the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad will be settled to-day or next day. In the United States court room in Wilmington to-morrow Judge Simonton will hear the parties in interest and then give his decision as to the manner of the sale of the road, whether it shall be sold in divisions or as a whole and the time of sale. It is understood that the Judge will order the road to be sold in its entirety.

The action under which this sale will be ordered is known as the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company of Baltimore against the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad.

The citizens of Fayetteville will await the result with keen interest.

The Speedy Punishment of Criminals.

Atlanta Constitution.)

Formerly it was thought necessary by our law makers to throw additional safeguards around those accused of crimes and high misdemeanors. These safeguards still exist in the body of our laws and in the practice of our courts, but legal ingenuity has pushed them so far beyond their original purpose that it is now difficult to convict a criminal and almost impossible to carry out the sentence that, after long delays and new trials, may be imposed upon him. In short, the safeguards intended to protect the innocent—the prisoner falsely accused—are now employed to defeat the ends of justice.

There is one fact that cannot possibly escape the attention of thoughtful men, namely: that in proportion as the courts have been lax in the administration of justice in just that proportion crime has increased; and, as one evil breeds a swarm of evils, in proportion as crime has multiplied, in just that proportion the tendency of the people to take the law into their own hands has increased. The failure of justice breeds lawlessness. The public press may thunder against mob law and the best sentiment of the State may denounce it, but the evil will not only abide with us but grow as long as the more ignorant feel that the courts afford them small protection.

We repeat here what was said in a former article, that the laxity of justice has reached such proportions that a criminal feels safer in the thralls of the court than he would feel if he were at large endeavoring to evade arrest. The people see this and resent it, and this is one of the reasons—indeed the only reason—why a certain class is so ready to take the law into their own hands. This is the situation in several States to-day, and it constitutes a threatening evil. And it is an evil that must be taken hold of and throttled. It cannot be left alone, else, like the germ in the yeast, it will grow and spread and swell until it overflows the whole State.

The remedy is prompt trials and speedy justice. The time has long since passed when there is any danger of hanging an innocent man after trial. Indeed, as we have shown, the tendency is the other way. There is more danger that a bloody murderer or assassin will escape justice in the courts than there is that an innocent man will be punished.

We referred some time ago to the fact that Governor Johnston, of Alabama, recommended in his message to the legislature that the governor be authorized to call a special term of court whenever a crime has been committed likely to arouse great indignation. In Georgia, if we are not mistaken, the judges of the superior court have the right to hold special terms of their courts, and it has sometimes happened that a special term has been convened for the purpose of disposing of certain cases. This would be a good thing to do in all cases where the public has been outraged by the commission of a particularly flagrant crime.

But in Georgia special terms of court are less important than the revival of the belief in the minds of the people that our courts have not become asylums for the protection of murderers and assassins, but are really and truly what they purport to be, temples of justice. If the courts themselves cannot apply the proper remedy, then the legislature should take the matter in hand, simplify our criminal code and render it impossible for murderers and assassins to employ the law as one of the methods of cheating justice.

In the interest of peace and good order and the safety of society, there must be a change.

The Legislature—The Soldiers' Home.

Correspondence of the Observer.)

RALEIGH, N. C, Jan'y 9, 1897.

Mr. Editor:

Perhaps a few dots from the City of Oaks may interest your readers, especially at this interesting time. The great body of our law makers are here. They are on the whole a good looking set of men, and appear to be in good working trim. From personal appearance and general make up of the present Legislature it may be inferred that it is far superior to that of two years ago. If we are to judge from outward appearance, much good may be expected to all the people of our dear old State through its deliberations, but alas we do not know what is in the hearts of men. If the bitterness of party feeling can be assuaged and patriotic emotions alone allowed to control, then there is a better day ahead for North Carolina; if, on the other hand, the general welfare of the people is ignored and party interest and party measures are to be the order of the day, then gloom and depression will settle upon us thick and fast. The Republicans and Populists have everything their own way. They go arm and arm, hand in hand, working together harmoniously as if no differences existed between them, as if they all belonged to one party and advocated the same principles. The platforms of the two are very antipodes, but so arranged that there can be stepping over from one to the other without soiling their feet or disturbing their equilibrium. They pull together in most things, and when you see a Pop at one end of the rope and a Rep at the other, there is a Democrat in the middle. They are holding the lines and driving the wagon, the Democrats sitting quietly by ready to put on the brakes when occasion requires. The handful of Democrats in this body are a noble and determined set of men, and are watching with deep interest and patriotic vigilance every turn in the proceedings, and will see that the odium of unwholesome legislation shall fall upon the heads of the majority. They are watchmen upon the tower of the people's rights and the people's interest, and nobly will they perform their duty.

Now a few words about the Old Soldiers Home. During my visit to my old home a few weeks ago, I was often asked about the condition of the old veterans now in that institution, and was informed that it was reported that it was badly managed: this I desire to contradict. So far as I am able to judge, the management of the home by its present officials is as wise and judicious as circumstances will admit. Capt. W. C. Stronach, the controlling spirit of the Home, uses every means in his power for the welfare and comfort of the inmates, often giving his own time and attention to some interest of the institution, to the detriment of his own personal business. Capt. J. H. Fuller and his good lady, the local managers of the Home, do all they can with the limited means at their control to make it pleasant for the vets. Mrs. Fuller is a lady of mind and energy, and untiring in her efforts to keep things cleanly and in good order, and to make it a Home worthy of the old Mother State. Their kindnesses ought to be and are highly appreciated by those of the inmates who are rightly disposed, and will be remembered by all at some future day when perchance this noble institution shall have fallen into less friendly hands.

There is occasionally a little head cracking and a little blood spilling in a moderate way among the men; this humor is very natural, for when so large a number of men having the fighting reputation of confederate soldiers are thrown together such little unpleasantness will sometimes occur. The old Home has been a blessing to me, having so recuperated my health as to be able to resume my old occupation that of teaching. May it ever be sustained by the powers that be.

Very respectfully,
E. M. WADDILL.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 11, 1897.

The last plays in the little game arranged by McKinley and Hanna to freeze John Sherman out of the Senate and out of Ohio politics by compelling him to become a member of McKinley's cabinet will be made this week at Canton, whither Sherman has been summoned. It is believed in Washington that McKinley and Hanna hold all the trumps and that Sherman will bow to the inevitable and go into the Cabinet, although he makes no secret of preferring to remain in the Senate, because he would rather do that than to retire to private life at the end of his term in the Senate. Should he enter the cabinet, Hanna will succeed him in the Senate, by gubernatorial appointment, and be a candidate for a full term at the expiration of this one, if the republicans retain control of the Ohio legislature. The attempts to put the McKinley collar upon other Senators have been dismal failures. Allison and Aldrich have both refused the Treasury portfolio, which had first been refused by Representative Dingley. It is difficult to get men of selfrespect who are willing to blindly pledge themselves to support McKinley for re-election in return for a Cabinet portfolio.

Whether the speech of Senator Mills today, on his resolution declaring that the expediency of recognizing the independence of a foreign State belongs to Congress, and that the President shall act in harmony with Congress, and further declaring that the independence of Cuba ought to be and is hereby recognized, and appropriating $10,000 for the salary and expenses of a Minister to Cuba, will open the flood gates of Cuban oratory, remains to be seen. It was plain and to the point. Mr. Mills thinks the matter should not be longer postponed, and a short time ago a majority of the Senate thought with him, but influences have been at work, which, if they have not changed opinions, have at least brought about an apparent willingness to leave the whole business for the next Congress and administration to deal with. Representative Money, of Miss., has returned from his investigating trip to Cuba, but says he isn't ready yet to talk for publication of what he found out, or at least of all he found out.

The House passed the Loud bill and it is now in the hands of the Senate Committee, with chances of action in doubt.

QUEWHIFFLE DOTS.

There have been a number of enjoyable sociables here during the holidays.

Mr. Evander B. McNeill, of Troy, N. C., is spending some time in Quewhiffle now.

The numerous friends of Mr. Will Keith were glad to meet him at Christmas and to learn that his Alabama home agreed so well with him.

Quewhiffle is in sad condition just now. In addition to Ethiopian magistrates, we are confronted with more lawsuits than ever known before.

Dr. Francis Juat, of Laurel Hill, N. C., was among the holiday visitors in these parts. By the way, we hope there is a possibility of the Doctor's locating in our township soon.

Mrs. Alex. Sinclair is very low with that dread disease, pneumonia. We are glad to know that she is now better.

Miss Annie Bowles, of Fayetteville, is visiting her sister, Mrs. D. J. Currie.

Messrs. J. C. Currie and M. McLeod were at Raleigh last week to attend the opening of the Legislature.

Mr. McBethune, of Harnett county, is visiting relatives at Buffalo.

Miss Jennie Smith, of Richmond, has returned to her school near Montrose.

There was good "singing" at Mr. G. W. Graham's last Sunday night, since which Mr. W. C. Currie has been humming "How sweet to be allowed." From the abundance of the heart the mouth speaketh.

Miss Florence Leslie, of Seventy-first, was visiting her sister, Mrs. J. A. Campbell, at Buffalo, last week.

Mrs. George Graham is suffering from an attack of "grippe."

KIP KIMPTON.

LUMBER-BRIDGE LOCALS.

Dr. Thos. Stamps is kept busy curing grippe.

Capt. Cobb was too sick to drill his company the first Saturday.

Rev. P. R. Law delivers an address to the Knights of Pythias of Kinston, Thursday night of this week.

Miss Hattie McQueen and her cousin, Miss Mary Eliza McQueen, spent a night here on their way from Red Springs to the home of the former.

The printer or a *lapsus calami* of your correspondent changed the name last week of Miss Ellen Gainey, one of the pupils of the school here, who had been commended by the Faculty for punctual attendance and excellent scholarship.

Miss Florence Little is teaching a class in elocution. Miss Little is well prepared for this work, having taken a special course in elocution at the Peace Institute.

Mr. Will Moore, of your city, spent Sunday in our midst.

Miss Kate Gainey, to the delight of her many friends, is spending a week or two here.

Miss Laura Johnson, of Riverton, Richmond county, took charge of the vocal and instrumental department of music Monday. Miss Johnson's pupils are very much pleased with her.

One of the Abuses of New York.

New York Journal.

It having been reported to the Journal that in this end of the nineteenth century and in the refined and civilized city of New York men or women might be thrust into an insane asylum without due process of law, as was the hero of Charles Reade's "Very Hard Cash," this journal set straightway about discovering the facts. The story was the more unbelievable because the institution by which the abuse was practised was not, as in the romance, a private madhouse run for profit, but a public institution supported out of public revenues.

The Journal adopted the perfectly simple device of having one of its reporters taken to Bellevue Hospital and offered for commitment as an insane patient. He was instantly admitted and incarcerated in the pavillion for the insane, where next morning, after an investigation, two doctors certified to his insanity. That later in the day he was detected does not alter the essential facts in the case, which are that any person only mildly demented, or perhaps too ill or enfeebled to make protest, can be put in the insane cell at Bellevue and then transferred to the hospital for the insane. How often the crime has been committed no one can guess. At any time for years it has been practicable; that it is so no longer is due only to the investigation by the Journal and the prompt exposure that follows.

Coming.

The Great Powell, the Wondrous Wizard Worker, a beautiful woman burned to ashes in full view of the audience. The most startling and realistic illusion ever attempted by any magician, taken from the cave scene of Rider Haggard's celebrated "She."

Mlle. "Ollie" the peerless potentate of dancers who created a sensation at "Hammerstines Olympia," in New York.

Very Interesting.

When petitions to Congress were being gotten up, recently, for rebuilding the United States Arsenal, which was for so many years the chief glory of Fayetteville—crowning, as it did, a noble site on the highest level of Haymount—inquiry was made as to the date of the building of the first of that splendid group of buildings. No one seemed to know, and we intended to look it up in the files of the OBSERVER, but the matter passed out of mind before this was done. The information comes now in an interesting way.

To some of the troops of friends who, during the past week, have been driving out to Bordeaux, (Mr. James Pearce's place four miles from town), to inquire after the health of his father-in-law, Dr. Huske, has been shown the bible which was deposited in the corner-stone of the arsenal—of which building, or of which, if either, of the towers, we are not informed.

When the arsenal was destroyed by General Sherman, in 1865, its walls (like those of the OBSERVER office) were battered down after the flames had failed to level them. Thus the corner-stone was exposed. Next day, Dr. Theodore Martine found a Federal soldier on the street with this bible, and he recovered it from him for a trifle. Dr. Martine subsequently moved to Warwick, New York, where he died in 1885. In 1896, the bible was given by the widow of Dr. Martine to Mr. James Pearce (who was Dr. Martine's nephew) and was brought to Fayetteville by Dr. Huske.

In the fly-leaf is this inscription, written in the handwriting of the late Major Duncan G. MacRae:

Deposited by the Committee of Arrangements, April 19, 1838;

(Signed) THOMAS SANDFORD, D. G. MACRAE, DILLON JORDAN, } Com. Fayetteville, N. C.

The Senatorial Contest Hot.

There is no change in the Senatorial situation. The eyes of the whole country are turned towards Raleigh. The Senatorial contest which is now being waged is of the greatest national importance; upon the outcome may rest the control by either party of the Senate.

Of all the watchers Mark Hanna is the most alert. He is sending agents from all parts of the country to our capital to buy and bribe Populists, by money, land, promise of office or other means.

Butler is trying to offset this by sending for prominent Populists to aid him in his fight for silver. The Raleigh correspondent of the Wilmington Messenger says:

Senator Butler to day introduced a new plan in the senatorial fight. In answer to telegrams from him Senator Cannon, and Wardell, of California, of the national populist committee, and Congressman Stroud arrived here.

Senator Butler said to me this morning: "I am absolutely confident that the efforts to elect Pritchard Senator will be unsuccessful regardless of what may be said to the contrary."

Republicans are cursing Butler. They swear they will never vote for any man Butler names for Senator.

THE SITUATION SUMMED UP.

The News and Observer says:

There cannot be said to be anything settled about the Senatorial fight.

If fifteen of the nineteen Populists bolters vote for Pritchard, he will win. Yesterday and Sunday there were rumors that only ten would support him. Also that seven republicans would refuse to vote for him.

The republicans are not happy. The populist bolters are badly freightened. The silver populists are hopeful but doubtful. The bolders are scared. This gives the situation Monday night.

Constipation

Causes fully half the sickness in the world. It retains the digested food too long in the bowels and produces biliousness, torpid liver, indigestion, bad taste, coated tongue, sick headache, insomnia, etc. Hood's Pills cure constipation and all its results, easily and thoroughly. 25c. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

North Carolina's Vote for Bryan.

The electoral college, with all its electors present, met in Raleigh Monday. Hon. R. B. Davis presided. Elector C. R. Thomas of this district, nominated William Jennings Bryan for President. All the Electors made speeches seconding the nomination. Eleven votes were then cast for Bryan. Hon. Tyre York then nominated Sewall, and Elector Howland nominated Watson. Sewall was given six votes and Watson five votes. Hon. Locke Craige was elected messenger to carry the returns to Washington.

50 lbs. of Coal

A day would keep your rooms warm in winter. But that small stove will burn only twenty-five. Hence, discomfort and misery.

A certain amount of fat, burned daily, would keep your body warm and healthy. But your digestion is bad, and you don't get it from ordinary fat-food. Hence you are chilly, you catch cold easily, you have coughs and shivers; while pneumonia, bronchitis, or consumption finds you with no resistive power.

Do this. Burn better fuel. Use SCOTT'S EMULSION of Cod-liver Oil. Appetite and digestive power will revive; and soon a warm coating of good flesh will protect the vital organs against the cold and the body against disease.

Two sizes, 50 cts. and $1.00
Book free for the asking.
SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets CURE CONSTIPATION

REGULATE THE LIVER

10¢ 25¢ 50¢ ALL DRUGGISTS

ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED to cure any case of constipation. Cascarets are the Ideal Laxative, never grip or gripe, but cause easy natural results. Sample and booklet free. Ad. STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago, Montreal, Can., or New York. 211

THE LUMBERTON FIRE.

Loss $24,800, Insurance $11,000.

Below we print a special telegram to the OBSERVER, giving the latest particulars of the Lumberton fire. The OBSERVER extends its heartiest sympathy to the sufferers by this calamity, and especially to Mr. McDiarmid, the editor and owner of our staunch and able cotemporary, the Robsonian.

To the Observer, Fayetteville:

The big fire was subdued early Sunday morning.

The fire broke out Saturday night in J. B. Smith's store under the Robesonian office. The Robesonian building and the Stansel block were consumed. The following merchants were burned out: W. J. Prevatt, loss $7,000, insurance $4,500; A. A. Freeman, loss $800, insurance $500; Morrison & Barkes, loss $4,000, insurance $1,000; J. B. Smith, loss $3,000, insurance $2,000; Robesonian building, loss $2,500, insurance $1,500; Robesonian presses, material, etc., loss $7,500, insurance $1,500. Editor McDiarmid's loss is very heavy, having lost his file of the Robesonian of 27 years, subscription books, etc. The Robesonian will be resumed the last of this week. It is thought a match was ignited by rats. JNO DUCKETT.

Farewell Performance.

The Langdon Dramatic Company brought their engagement to a close Wednesday by a laughable comedy entitled "His Lordship." There was a small audience present, no doubt caused by the fact that Evangelist Fife was preaching in the sanctification tent, but the company acted just as if the house was full and were heartily applauded. At the end of the play, the entire caste rendered a Farce which was well worth the price of admission itself. It was of the "fast and furious fun" kind and kept the audience roaring with laughter. The Farce was interspersed with dancing and singing specialties, and the beautiful skirt dance was repeated. Taking the company as a whole it is a very good one considering the low price of admission.

Election of Bank Officers.

The new Board of Directors of the B[ank] of Fayetteville met Thursday afternoon and elected the following officers:

President—H. W. Lilly.
Vice President—A. A. McKethan.
Cashier—J. C. Haigh.
Assistant Cashier—E. J. Lilly.
Teller—G. G. Myrover.
Discount Book-keeper—H. J. Marsh.
Collector—A. B. Williams, Jr.

The bank is in a healthier condition than it has been in years. Several thousand dollars of doubtful paper has been made good by the bank itself.

$74,000 of the capital stock has been retired, thus leaving the capital at $226,000.

The following directors were elected for the ensuing term:

H. W. Lilly, W. N. Williams, J. P. Thomson, H. Lutterloh, A. A. McKethan, W. Cook, T. M. Hunter, E. Smith and R. Nimocks.

Mr. McKelway's Assistant.

The Presbyterian session Monday night unanimously decided to extend a call to Rev. H. Tucker Graham, of Winchester, Va., to be the assistant pastor of the Presbyterian church. Mr. Graham is a young married man, and we learn a preacher of great promise. He was a class-mate in college of Mr. McKelway, since which time he has been a missionary in Japan. Fayetteville will extend a cordial welcome to the young minister and his wife.

A Trent in Store.

The committee on Fire Department entertainment report that they propose to give our people, on or about January [illegible], one of the best entertainments that has been presented for some time. Mr. H. Novitzky, who has charge of the music repertoire, assures us it will be first-class and we all know that *he knows*. The management will offer popular prices, and we feel safe in assuring them a large and appreciative house.

This is the Package—

remember it. It contains

GOLD DUST

Washing Powder

that cleans everything quickly, cheaply and perfectly.

For economy buy 4lb. package.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

If you Buy a Stove why not Get the Best

It is impossible to make but one error in buying a Buck Stove—that is buy one too small for your family. No other mistake can be made.

You will not make a mistake if you buy your SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, LIME and HAIR or other building materials of us.

We guarantee prices and quality.

HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.

NIMOCKS & COOK, INSURANCE.

FAYETTEVILLE PRACTICAL BUSINESS COLLEGE.

The first three month's course being near completion, Prof. Rishton (of Draughon's College, Nashville), wishes to ascertain whether the school can be continued here, and would urge those who desire to become qualified for office work by attending either the day or night session, to call upon or write to him without delay. If a certain number can be obtained, special terms will be offered to those who enter at once. Room adjoining Baptist Publishing office.

Farmers' Bone Fertilizer.

Caledonia Compound,

Special Compound for Cotton.

Are the IDEAL Fertilizers.

5,000 Farmers are using them.

AGENTS WANTED.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

F. S. ROYSTER GUANO CO.,
TARBORO, N. C.,
AND NORFOLK, VA.

A Proclamation by the Governor

$100 REWARD.

STATE OF NORTH CARCLINA,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Whereas, official information has been received at this Department that unknown party or parties on the night of November 18th, 1896, set fire to the barn of Andrew Handon, destroying it and all its contents.

And Whereas, it appears that the said unknown party or parties have fled the State, or so conceal themselves that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon them:

Now, Therefore, I, Elias Carr, Governor of the State of North Carolina, by virtue of authority in me vested by law, do issue this my Proclamation, offering a reward of One Hundred Dollars for the apprehension and delivery of the said unknown party or parties to the Sheriff of Cumberland County at the Court house in Fayetteville, and I do enjoin all officers of the State and all good citizens to assist in bringing said criminals to justice.

Done at our City of Raleigh, the 11th day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninty-seven, and in the one hundred and twenty-first year of our American Independence.

ELIAS CARR.

By the Governor:
S. F. TELFAIR,
Private Secretary.

For Sale.

A valuable building lot, fronting on east side of Green street, in Fayetteville, adjoining Dr. Highsmith's residence, being lot No. 3 in the division of the Kyle property. Also Lot No. 4, immediately in the rear, fronting on Church street, alotted to Mrs. Margaret Kyle Foulkes.

R. P. BUXTON, Atty.

Fayetteville, N. C., Jan. 9, 1897.

ST. MARY'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

RALEIGH, N. C.

The Easter Term of the Fifty-[illegible] school year will begin January 28, 189[illegible]

FOR SALE.

On the Lumberton Road, about one mile from the Market House and ¼ mile from Holt's factory, 3 acres of land with two houses and stables on same. One house contains five rooms, comparatively new, tin roof. The other contains three rooms, not quite completed. About seven good building lots. Orchard. All under fence and adjoining the Hinsdale property. Good water. Apply to

J. H. BENOY,
Fayetteville, N. C.

THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., JAN. 14, 1897.

S. Sheetz & Sons are having a new pavement laid in front of their furniture store on Hay street.

Register of Deeds McCaskill has issued 14 marriage licenses already this month, 11 to whites and 3 to negroes.

Cards are out announcing the marriage of Miss Esther Lorena Chestnut to Mr. Birkett Fry Jordan in Gainsville, Florida, on Wednesday afternoon, January the twentieth. Miss Chestnut is well known and exceedingly popular in Fayetteville, having visited Mrs. J. J. Crosswell on several occasions.

Another Artesian Well.

Capt. N. W. Ray is having an artesian well bored on his premises on Green street. Work commenced Monday morning.

Snow.

It commenced snowing Wednesday at 9:30 A. M. and came down fast and in big flakes until 1 o'clock when it ceased and was followed by a drizzling rain.

Crumpler the 31st.

The Christian Life, of Goldsboro, says that Rev. A. B. Crumpler will pitch his great tent in Fayetteville on Sunday the 31st of January.

Hope Mills Baptists.

Rev. J. R. Moore, of Carthage, preached in the Baptist church at Hope Mills Sunday. The congregation of this church have called Rev. R. W. Horrell, of Burgaw to the resident pastorate.

I. O. O. F.

Friday night the following officers of Pine Encampment No. 3 were elected for the ensuing term: Jas. Holden, C. P.; Jas. M. Strickland, S. W.; H. B. Everett, J. W.; B. C. Gorham, Secretary and Treas.

Dr. Husko Gradually Weakening.

Yesterday evening one of the Pearce boys came in from Bordeaux and reported that his grandfather was gradually growing weaker, though still retaining his mental faculties.

Cumberland's Republican Boss.

We learn that Neill Waddill, the colored Republican boss, has landed a fifth rate, or somekind of rate, clerkship in the State Legislature. He had a hard struggle for his old place, third assistant to the principal clerk of the Senate, and lost.

Bennett Has a Dog Tax.

The little village of Rennert, Robeson county, has a dog tax. Mr, Henry Overby has received an order from the mayor of that city for twenty five collars, each collar to bear the inscription: "Dog tax paid, 1897." The tax is one dollar.

Death Thursday.

Mrs. Maley Ivey, widow of the late Richard Ivey, died Thursday in her 77th year. The funeral of the deceased, who was a consistent member of the Baptist Church, will take place to-morrow morning at 10:30 o'clock from the residence on Maultsby street.

Engines Nos. 30 and 31

Nos. 30 and 31, two brand new engines, just out of the shops of the Pittsburg Locomotive Works loomed up at the C. F. & Y. V. shops in this city Friday. They are tremendous fellows, coal burners, with six driving wheels and are styled "The Mogul."

Fayetteville in the Lead.

Fayetteville leads all the towns in the State in its membership in the League of American Wheelmen. It has 23 members at present and there are a number of applications now pending. Raleigh is the only city that is not represented in the the League.

To be Married in February.

Miss Annie L. Moore arrived from Baltimore last night and is visiting her sister, Mrs. John R. McNeill, on Haymount. Miss Moore will be married in this city on February 10th to Rev. Howard Taylor, pastor of the Second Presbyterian church, of Baltimore.

Inauguration of Governor Russell

Daniel L. Russell Tuesday took the oath as Governor of North Carolina. His inaugural address was read by him from a type written copy. Its tone is characteristic of the man; many of its recommendations are good. We shall refer more at length to it hereafter.

Prayed for the Robber.

At the sanctification meeting Friday a special prayer was offered up for the person who robbed the plate by putting a confederate bill and taking out four good dollars. It is said that the guilty person returned all the money but 25 cents. The leaders refuse to prosecute though they have been strongly urged to do so.

Death at Hope Mills.

Mrs. Isham Powell died at Hope Mills Wednesday, Mrs. Powell was born and raised in Fayetteville, though she has been living at Hope Mills for several years. She leaves a husband but no children.

The remains were brought to this city Thursday morning and were interred in Cross Creek cemetery that afternoon.

A Fiend.

A gentleman came into the city Friday morning from Lynchburg, S. C., and reported the killing of five persons, three whites and two blacks in that place yesterday. He also says the murderer whose name is Simon Cooper, a negro, killed four persons on New Years Day and wounded several others.

He says that the whole county is in arms looking for the fiend.

Fire.

The fire alarm was sounded at 3:30 Monday afternoon and the Chicora Company promptly turned out. The alarm was caused by a slight blaze in the house of Mr. E. J. Fuller on Russell street. It was subdued by the neighbors before the fire company appeared.

About the same time some one set fire to the grass in Eccles' Park and Capt. McNeill had all he could do to save his house and mill.

The Phœnix Cotton Mill.

The new Board of Directors of the Phœnix Cotton Manufacturing Company met last evening and elected Maj. Chas. Haigh, President; Mr. A. J. Cook, Vice-President; and Capt. J. D. McNeill, Secretary and Treasurer. The work of the retiring officials, who during the past year, have bought and paid for the site, and contracted for, built and paid for the present mill building, was commended by a resolution expressing the appreciation of the Company for their valuable services. The former President and Vice-President would have been unanimously re elected had it not been against their determined and general desire that others should now take their places.

The new directory will go ahead with the enterprise and push it to completion. The Secretary was instructed to promptly notify all delinquents that all in arrears must promptly pay up as the rules of the Company will now be rigidly enforced.

As shown above, in one year, the Company has purchased a valuable site of eight acres, built a modern mill building, 75x150, brick and metal roof, have fully paid for both site and building, and start the second year with a balance to go towards the equipment of the mill.

The Sanctificationists Depart.

Sunday night the sanctificationists held their final meeting in this city. A great crowd, which overflowed the tent and stretched outside for several yards, witnessed this closing service. There was little shouting and only one trance. This subject of the mysterious spell remained in the "placed state until midnight surrounded by relatives and friends, chanting and praying in the usual manner.

Monday morning the tent was razed, and it will be taken to Hope Mills and pitched between the two factories, where a revival will be held. Whether the preaching of this doctrine and the sensation the meeting created has spiritually benefitted the city is a question to be debated and time alone will decide it.

One of the noticeable features of the last week of the meeting was the absence of John Alex. Graham, of 71st, who took such a leading part the first two weeks. It seems that Graham worked himself up to the belief that he was "glorified," and as this was further than his sanctified brothers desired to go, they parted company. Jno. Alex. in taking his leave declared that sanctification would soon decay, and "glorification" rise upon its ruins.

The Situation Remains Unchanged.

The Senatorial contest is still the exciting theme at Raleigh. The majority caucus of the populists met Tuesday evening and discussed the resolution sent it by the 19 bolting populists in which they state that they will return when assured that they can vote for whom they choose for Senator. The majority replied to the bolters that they could not return unless they would abide by the caucus action.

The following two questions, says the Raleigh correspondent of the Wilmington Messenger, sums up the talk of the day:

If Skinner is so sure of Pritchard why does he keep on working so hard? If Butler has cards to play, what are they?

Nothing of importance was done in either branch of the Legislature yesterday except the counting of returns and the swearing in of new State officers.

In the House, Representative Sutton, of this county, introduced the following bills:

To repeal the part of the acts of 1895 which allows judges upon petition to appoint two additional commissioners and which requires all candidates for office to file a sworn statement of their expenses incurred during the election.

To fund Cumberland's bonded debt.

Hog Bit by Mad Dog.

Last Thursday Mrs. Betty Geddie had several fine looking hogs killed and in consequence stored away a number of hams over six hundred pounds of pork and quantities of sausage, liver puddings, etc. Saturday she had every particle of the above, together with a 250 pound hog killed that day, carted from the premises and buried deep in the ground. She feared that the meat might be tainted with hydrophobia.

About two months ago a mad dog bit one of Mrs. Geddie's hogs and she had the animal placed in a separate pen. Last Thursday she killed all but one of her sound hogs. Saturday this hog went mad and Mrs. Geddie took the action above described. The hog which she thought was bitten is apparently sound. It is evident that two of the animals were bitten or else a mistake was made as to the bitten one. The loss is a heavy one to Mrs. Geddie who is a poor widow with several children.

The Huntington Steal Defeated.

The House of Representatives Monday by a vote of 168 to 102 defeated the third reading of the Pacific Railroad funding bill. This is a great victory for the people and Editor Hearst of the New York Journal and San Francisco Examiner. Congressman Shaw was paired against the bill. Nothing else of importance was done in the House.

The time of the Senate yesterday was occupied by Senator Mills, who spoke for the recognition of Cuba and scored Cleveland and his sycophants.

Death of Mrs. Mims.

Mrs. Harret Mims died at her residence on Haymount at 8:20 A. M. o'clock Saturday. The funeral will took place Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock, conducted by Rev. Mr. Thomas of the Baptist Church. She leaves one son, Mr. Michael Mims, superintendent of Rankins' saw mill. Mrs. Mims, who was in her 64th year, was the widow of the late Thomas J. Mims, a brave Confederate soldier who was a member of Strange's cavalry.

Thieves at the Fire.

After the excitement at the fire at Mr. Fuller's was over Monday afternoon, Mrs. Fuller discovered that the draw in the siceboard containing the family silver was missing. No clue to the missing property or the thief or thieves has yet been discovered. Some people are inclined to think that the fire was started for the purpose of robbery, but Mr. Fuller disagrees with this idea, believing that it was simply an accident.

Police News.

'Squire Overby sent Chas. Williams, colored, of Flea Hill, to jail Saturday and Sidney Mitchell, also colored, of this city, was sent Monday morning to keep him company.

Williams was bound over for giving a fraudulent mortgage to Mr. A. H. Slocomb, Mitchell for stealing an overcoat from Malachi Holmes.

Three colored amazons, Minnie Campbell, Charlotte McKeller and Annie Mitchell were to have appeared for trial Monday charged with fighting, but the Campbell woman, after turning States evidence Thursday, did not turn up Monday morning, and it was learned that she had taken leg bail and was last heard of in the swamps of Cedar Creek. The reason of this sudden flight is a mystery.

Deputy Sheriff Kinlaw returned yesterday from a sally into the country with his legal drag net. He bagged three prisoners, Daniel McNeill, charged with larceny of hides from Ed. Williams; Will Wilson, charged with disturbing a religious congregation and William Maxwell, charged with an assault with attempt to kill. All three were lodged in jail. The last named two were captured on Big Rockfish—a place of moonshine stills and desperate characters—Cumberland's Soufletown. Both have been fugitives from the law for some time.

The Masons.

The following were elected officers of Phœnix Lodge, No. 8, A. F. & A. M. Friday night for the ensuing term:

C. W. Elliott, W. M.
E. L. Hunter, S. W.
J. C. Vann, J. W.
R. M. Nimocks, Treas'r.
B. E. Sedberry, Sec'y.

The report of the Treasurer showed the Lodge to be in a most healthy condition financially.

The installation of officers will take place next Friday night.

Dr. Nash and Mr. Geo. Ijams will address this ancient and honorable organization shortly, when a rare treat may be expected.

The outlook for the order here is bright and encouraging.

A Mysterious Pursuit.

Three ladies [two of whom were escorting the other home] were on their way down Person street Tuesday evening about 9 o'clock when just as they reached Liberty Point a man, "tremendous" in stature, enveloped in a large overcoat and with a slouch hat pulled down over his face, approached them. The women fled in terror one of them, an old maid, crying out "Oh, I see a man, I'll bie me home quickly." She kept her word and outstripped the villain, who seemed to be after her only, two to one. It is said that this man has been seen before at the same antics. His sole object seems to be to frighten women. If caught he should be severely dealt with.

At the Opera House Tuesday Night.

Tuesday a good audience greeted the second performance of the Emma Warren Company in this city. "St. Patrick's Eve" was the play, and judging from the continued applause and roars of laughter the audience was well pleased.

Miss Warren, as "Kathleen," was charming, and Mr. Garside though not the hero of the play was perfect in his acting. They were well supported by the troupe.

The child actress little Miss Evans again delighted every one with her songs and dances.

Another Hemorrhagic Victim.

That terrible scourge of Flea Hill township, hemorrhagic fever, gathered in its relentless folds another victim Sunday, in the person of Mrs. Harvey Bunce, who died at 4 o'clock Sunday morning at her residence in Flea Hill, surrounded by her husband and eight children.

The deceased, who was in her 45th year, was an honored member of the Baptist church.

The funeral takes place this afternoon from Lebanon church.

A Scamp.

Sunday the bicycles of Postal Cable Manager Boyd and post-office clerk Dave Gaster, Jr., were left standing in front of the post-office. When the young gentlemen went to mount their wheels they found that the tires had been cut to pieces, one of the tires was slashed in thirteen places. It was Sunday, so they didn't say bad words, but their looks plainly showed that it would not have been pleasant for the slasher if he had happened to fall into their clutches.

The Empire Life Insurance Company of New York gives pure life insurance at cost; (35 per cent. under the old line companies). Agents wanted: for further particulars and terms address Mortimer Maxwell, State Agent, Raleigh N. C.

11, 12—1ot

A HOUSEHOLD NECESSITY!

DARBYS

PROPHYLACTIC FLUID

WONDERFUL HEALING PROPERTIES!

For Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Wounds, Bruises, etc., it is invaluable, and gives instant and permanent relief. It immediately allays pain. Nothing is necessary but to apply it directly to the parts affected. It will keep down Inflammation, Gangrene or Proud Flesh, and in a short time will heal without applying anything else. This was fully proved in the military hospitals during the late war. It has performed astonishing cures, both in the case of men and animals, afflicted with Chronic Sores. It cleanses and heals obstinate Ulcers, Boils, Carbuncles, Erysipelas and Running Sores of every kind. It destroys the disagreeable effluvia arising from Cancers, Abscesses, Ulcers, and every kind of purulent discharge.

IN CASE OF ACCIDENTS.

FOR THE TOILET & NURSERY.

To the water used in bathing add a small quantity of Darbys Fluid. It is a purifying lotion for the skin—healing, cleansing and refreshing. Removes all taint of perspiration from the body or odor from the feet, and whitens and softens the skin. Removing Freckles, &c.

HEALING. CLEANSING. DISINFECTING.

Wherever a preventing, healing, cleansing Injection or Wash is required it is positively safe and most efficacious.

Cures Eruptions, Tetter, Piles, Prickly Heat, Chafing, Sore Feet, Chilblains, Bites and Stings of Insects, Poison Oak or Ivy. Removes Stains, Ink Spots and Mildew. Used as a Dentifrice it Purifies the Breath, Preserves the Teeth and cures Toothache, Sore Gums, Sore Throat, and Canker. Sore or Inflamed Eyes; Catarrh, Hay or Rose Fever are speedily cured. *Perfectly harmless, used internally and externally.*

J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia.

USE DARBYS FLUID IN EVERY SICK-ROOM.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKETS.

COTTON.

Good Middling,	6¼
Middling,	6¼
Tinges and Stains,	firm
Market—Steady.	

NAVAL STORES.

Spirits,	23c
Common Rosin,	$1 20
Virgin,	1 60
Yellow Dip,	1 00

PRODUCE.

Extra Flour—sack,	$2 25@2 50
Family Flour—sack,	2 40@2 65
Hides—dry—per lb.	5@8
" —green—per lb.	@3½
Wool—washed	6@20
Bacon—hog round per lb—	6@6½
" —ham	10½@12
" —sides	7½@8
" —shoulders	5½@6
Oats—32 lbs per bushel	40@45
Peas—clay	50
" —mixed	45
Meal—bolted—44 lbs per bushel	40@50
" —unbolted—48 lbs per bushel	40@43
Corn—old—56 lbs per bushel	40@43
Onions—select—per bushel	60@65
Lard—N. C.	7½@10
Tallow	2½@4
Ducks	15@18
Hens—per head	18 a 20
Spring chickens	10 a 18
Roosters—per head	15 a 20
Turkeys—per lb	8½ a 9
Guineas	15 a
Geese	25 a 30
Butter—choice yellow	12 a 15
Honey—strained—per lb	9 a 10
" —comb—per lb	8 a 10
Eggs—hen—scarce	15 a 18
Feathers—new	35 a 40

Pork quite plentiful on our market. 4½

Hucklen's Arnica Salve

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Son, Fayetteville, N. C.

A Valuable Prescription.

Editor Morrison of Worthington, Ind., 'Sun,' writes: "You have a valuable prescription in Electric Bitters; and I can cheerfully recommend it for Constipation and Sick Headache, and as a general system tonic it has no equal." Dr. Annie Strehle, 2025 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago, was all run down, could not eat nor digest food, had a backache which never left her and felt tired and weary, but six bottles of Electric Bitters restored her health and renewed her strength. Price 50 cents and $1.00. Get a bottle at Sedberry & Son.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

The Ideal Panacea.

James L. Francis, Alderman, Chicago, says: "I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as an Ideal Panacea for Coughs, Colds and Lung Complaints, having used it in my family for the last five years, to the exclusion of physician's prescriptions or other preparations."

Rev. John Burgus, Keobuk, Iowa, writes: "I have been a Minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church for 50 years or more, and have never found anything so beneficial, or that gave me such speedy relief as Dr. King's Discovery." Try this Ideal Cough Remedy now. Trial Bottles Free at B. E. Sedberry & Son.

Sales Talk

With Hood's Sarsaparilla, "Sales Talk," and show that this medicine has enjoyed public confidence and patronage to a greater extent than accorded any other proprietary medicine. This is simply because it possesses greater merit and produces greater cures than any other. It is not what we say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story. All advertisements of Hood's Sarsaparilla, like Hood's Sarsaparilla itself, are honest. We have never deceived the public, and this with its superlative medicinal merit, is why the people have abiding confidence in it, and buy

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Almost to the exclusion of all others. Try it. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac from your own druggist, who will guarantee a cure. Booklet and sample mailed free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York. Sold by B. E Sedberry & Sons.

A Household Necessity

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists Sold by B. E Sedberry & Sons.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

When bilious or costive, eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed, 10c 25c.

Cascarets stimulate liver, kidney and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe—10c.

Just try a 10c. box of Cascarets, the finest liver and bowel regulator ever made.

Ask any number of druggists for the best remedy they have for diarrhœa, and fully nine out of ten will recommend Chamberlain's. For sale by B. E Sedberry & Sons.

In advising you to use Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism, we know it will give you perfect satisfaction as the first application will relieve the pain and its continued use for a short time will effect a cure. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

Every effort has been made in the manufacture on Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to produce a perfect preparation; one that is thoroughly reliable in every way for the treatment of coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough, pleasant to the taste, safe to give freely to children of any age and at the same time equally efficient for adults. A fair trial of the remedy will satisfy anyone that this has all been accomplished. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

Fits Cured

From U. S. Journal of Medicine. Prof. N. S. Scott makes a specialty of Epilepsy, and without doubt treats it successfully and cures more cases than any living Physician; his success is astonishing. We have heard of cases of 20 years' standing cured by him. He publishes a valuable work on this disease, which he sends with a large bottle of his absolute cure, free to any sufferers who may send their P. O. and Express address. We advise any one wishing a cure to address Prof. N. S. SCOTT, F. D., 4 Cedar St., New York

Exposure to Disease.

Does not not necessarily mean the contraction of disease provided the system is in a vigorous condition, with the blood pure and all the organs in healthy action. When in such a condition contagion is readily resisted and the disease germs can find no lodgement. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best medicine to build up the system because it makes pure rich blood, and pure, rich blood is the basis of good health In cold wersher it is especially necessary to keep up the health tone because the body is subject to greater exposure and more liable to disease. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the safeguard of health.

Rheumatism from Childhood.

DURHAM, N. C., Dec. 20, 1896. "I was troubled with rheumatism when I was quite a small boy, and I have been a sufferer with it more or less all my life. Six months ago I purchased a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and it did me so much good that continued its use, and since taking three bottles I have never felt any symptoms of rheumatism."

R. B. BLALOCK.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

A person is prematurely old when baldness occurs before the forty-fifth year. Use Hall's Hair Renewer to keep the scalp healthy and prevent baldness.

Provide yourself with a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and so have the means at hand for contending successfully with a sudden cold. As an emergency medecine, it has no equal, and leading physicians everywhere recommend it.

In the treatment of croup and whooping cough, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has a most marvellous effect. Thousands of lives are saved annually by the use of this medicine. It frees the obstructed air-passages, allays inflammation, and controls the desire to cough.

Is it "overwork" that has filled this country with nervous dyspeptics?—that takes the flesh off their bones, the vitality from their blood, and makes them feeble, emaciated and inefficient? No. It is bad cooking, overeating of indigestible stuff, and other health-destroying habits.

The remedy is an artificially digested food such as the Shaker Digestive Cordial. Instead of irritating the already inflamed stomach the Cordial gives it a chance to rest by nourising the system itself and digesting other food taken with it. So flesh and strength return. Is not the idea rational? The Cordial is palatable and relieves immediately. No money risked to decide on its value. A 10 cent trial bottle does that.

Laxol is the best medicine for children. Doctors recommend it in place of Castor Oil.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F J Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists Testimonials free.

Why will you buy bitter nauseating tonics when GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC is as pleasant as Lemon Syrup. Your druggist is authorized to refund the money in every case where it fails to cure. Price, 50 cents.

FAYETTEVILLE MILITARY ACADEMY.

Spring Session opens January 15th, 1897.

Boys fitted for College or the counting-room. Special courses in Elocution and Physical culture. Discipline firm and impartial. TERMS VERY MODERATE. Apply for catalogue.

COL. T. J. DREWRY, C. E., Prin.,
Fayetteville, N. C.

NOTICE!

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the next General Assembly to amend the charter of Fayetteville, N. C.

NOTICE.

Application will be made to the present session of the General Assembly for authority to the city of Fayetteville to issue bonds for the erection of an Electric Light Plant.

GRAPHAPHONE TO LET.

We have one of Edison's new improved graphophones, with the "funnel attachment," which is so loud and clear as to distinctly fill a large room or hall, to let to parties desiring to give "a graphophone party" which is now so popular in the north. Also bicycles for sale.

2awlotJan4. HAWKINS BROS.

Lost or Misplaced.

Certificate of five shares of stock in the Metropolitan Building and Loan Association, of Richmond, Va., together with pass-book. A liberal reward will be paid to anyone returning the same to me at my barber shop.

MARION STEVENS,

Dec.15oaw4t.

Electric Bells.

We are prepared to do all kinds of house wiring in the most approved manner at reasonable prices.

Estimates cheerfully furnished.

HAWKINS BROS.,

2awlotdec29 No. 9 Thornton Block

WE DO NOT WANT BOYS OR LOAFERS, to write, but men of ability. $200 to $500 per month, salary or commission. State and general managers. RACINE FIRE ENGINE CO., Racine, Wis. 11-19-8t

—THE—

Bank : of : Fayetteville,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

Does a General Banking Business.

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK.

Collects Notes and Drafts Payable here and at all Banking Points in North Carolina,

AT REASONABLE CHARGES,

and remits promptly for all collections.

CAPITAL STOCK, - - $250,000.00.

☞ No deposits received on interest.

H. W. LILLY, President,
A. A. McKETHAN, Vice Prest.,
J. C. HAIGH, JR., Cashier.
Fayetteville, N. C.

E. L. CLARK'S

Headquarters for

BACON, FLOUR, SALT,

AND EVERY THING USUALLY KEPT AT A FIRST-CLASS

Family Supply House.

Dry Goods, Notions, Boots Shoes and Clothing.

RESTAURANT ON SECOND FLOOR.

E. L. CLARK,

9-27-94 tf Cor. Hay and Winslow St.

A person is prematurely old when baldness occurs before the forty-fifth year, Use Hall's Hair Renewer to keep the scalp healthy and prevent baldness.

Provide yourself with a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and so have the means at hand for contending successfully with a sudden cold. As an emergency medecine, it has no equal, and leading physicians everywhere recommend it.

NORTH CAROLINA, } Superior Court
CUMBERLAND COUNTY. } Court

E. L. Clark }
vs.
J. B. Carr. }

It appearing to the undersigned Clerk the Superior Court of Cumberland County from the affidavit of E. L. Clark, the plaintiff, in the above entitled action that the defendant after due diligence cannot be found in the State, and the plaintiff has a good cause of action against said defendant and it further appearing that said defendant has departed from the State with intent to defraud his creditors, it is therefore ordered by the Court that notice of this action be published once a week in the "Fayetteville Observer," a newspaper published, setting forth the title of this action, the issuing of the attachment, and requiring the defendant to appear before the Judge of our Superior Court, a Court to be held in the County of Cumberland, at the Court House in Fayetteville on the 6th Monday before the first Monday in March, 1897, and answer or demur to the complaint of said plaintiff which will be deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of said County during the first three days of said term, and let the said defendant take notice that if he fail to answer said complaint within that term the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

This Dec. 2, 1896.

CYRUS MURPHY, C. S. C.
J. G. SHAW, Att'y Plff.

Service by Publication.

NORTH CAROLINA, } In the
CUMBERLAND COUNTY. } Superior Court.

J. S. Ellis, Adm'r D. B. N. of Mary Ellis.
vs.
D. Ellis, D. F. Sinclair and A. C. Sinclair, Catherine Sinclair, Hugh L. Sinclair and others, being the heirs of Hugh Sinclair, the names being unknown.

NOTICE.

The defendants above-named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of Cumberland County, the same being brought by the Administrator D. B. N. of Mary Ellis against the heirs at law of said Mary Ellis for a final settlement of the Estate of the said Mary Ellis, and the said defendant will further take notice that they are required to appear before the Clerk of the Superior Court of Cumberland County at his office in Fayetteville on the 8th day of March, 1897, and answer or demur to the petition in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said petition.

This January 12th, 1897.

CYRUS MURPHY, C. S. C.
N. W. RAY, Att'y for Petitioner.

NORTH CAROLINA, } In the
CUMBERLAND COUNTY. } Superior Court.

G. A. P. Wilkerson, Administrator of Estate of Alfred McSwain vs. Caroline Davis and others.

NOTICE.

The defendants Andrew McSwain and wife (given name not known), James McSwain and wife (given name not known) Eliza B. Williams and her husband James A. Williams, will take notice that a special proceeding, entitled as above, has been commenced in the Superior Court of Cumberland County, the summons being returnable before the Clerk of said Court on the 1st day of February, 1897, the purpose of said action being brought by the plaintiff to subject real estate to make assets to pay debts of the said estate, and costs and charges of administration, and the aforesaid defendants will further take notice, that they are required to appear before the Clerk of the Superior Court of said county at his office in the Court House in Fayetteville, N. C., on the 1st day of February, 1897, and answer or demur to the petition or complaint of the plaintiff, or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded therein.

This 19th day of December, 1896.

CYRUS MURPHY,
Clerk Superior Court.

H. L. COOK, Att'y. 12-19-6w

NOTICE.

By virtue of the authority vested in me by a deed of trust executed by F. R. Rose and W. F. Leak, which is duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Cumberland County, I will offer for sale, at the Market House in the City of Fayetteville, at 12 o'clock M., on January 15, 1897, at public auction, certain real estate subject to the homestead rights of the said F. R. Rose and W. F. Leak. One lot on Hay street in the rear of the residence of Maj. John B. Broadfoot, one lot in Fayetteville, on Hay street, between the Dobbin House and the McNeill building, one small lot just in the rear of the one last mentioned and a lot in the town of Autryville, unimproved. The above is subject to the homestead interest of F. R. Rose. A lot on Haymount just west of the residence lot of Mr. Walter Watson, being the lot formerly owned by Mr. T. J. Jordan. This lot is subject to the homestead interest of W. F. Leak.

E. J. LILLY,
Assignee.

J. C. & S. H. MacRae,
Attorneys. (20decwkly4t

A. B. WILLIAMS,

COTTON :: BUYER

HAY STREET,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Gold Medals to HARPER whiskey at New Orleans & World's Fair Chicago. Try it, you will endorse the Judge's verdict.

SOLD BY

J. W. INGOLD

Papers for Sale

Old papers for sale at the OBSERVER OFFICE 10 cents per hundred

PEMBERTON'S BOOK AND MUSIC HOUSE

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Pianos, Organs, Sewing Machines,

Bicycle and Bicycle Sundries sold on *easy terms*.
School Books and School Supplies.
Singing Books, Biblos and Sunday-school Literature.
Pictures, Easels—Picture Frames made to order.

WALL PAPER,

Fancy Goods and Toys for the Children.

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.
Our Stock is large and very complete.
Prices Low.

WALTER WATSON'S HARDWARE HOUSE,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Lumber and Building Material

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

Thoroughly Dried Material Always On Hand.

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, MOULDINGS

Farming Implements

OF ALL KINDS,

Hoes, Shovels, Spades, Rakes, Ploughs, Forks, &c

SIX FT. WIRE NETTING

PRICES LOWER THAN EVER ON THIS MATERIAL

Steam Fixtures for Saw Mills

Agent for the Frick Company Engines and Machinery

☞ ESTIMATES FURNISHED ON PLANTS OF ANY CAPACITY.

Yours Respectfully,

WALTER WATSON.

In the Superior Court
November Term, 1896

NORTH CAROLINA, }
CUMBERLAND COUNTY. }

Tama McDaniel vs. John Williams.

Publication of Summons.

The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of Cumberland County to foreclose a mortgage on real estate in the said county executed by the defendant to G. C. Scurlock, the then agent of the plaintiff. The defendant will also take notice that he is required to appear at the next term of the Superior Court of the said county to be held on the 6th Monday before the first Monday in March, 1897, at the Court House of the said County, in Fayetteville, N. C., and answer or demur to the complaint in the said action, or plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

CYRUS MURPHY,
C. S. C.

This Nov. 27th, 1896.

After a Lifetime Experience

I offer my services to the people of Fayetteville and surrounding country.

I manufacture Buggies and Road Carts, Road Wagons, Timber Wagons, Sling Carts, Dump and Farm Carts.

I use the best of material. Away with cutting and welding Tire. I use Mole's No. 3 Shrinker—16 ton pressure. It does the work like a charm. I also use the No. 2 Champion Drill Press.

My Horse-Shoeing department I have supplied with Heller & Bro.'s latest improved Tools. Hand-made—any weight—Steel Plates for Runners and Trotters, to order.

I have one of the best Farriors in the city. I Shoe Horses all-round for 80c. Setting Tire, 40 cents.

I am Agent for the Monarch Buggy Company, Cincinnati, Ohio, and can sell you a Buggy at prices that defy competition.

Why will you pay your money for having your work butchered up when you can get it done properly for less money?

It will be to your advantage to call and see me before carrying your work elsewhere. Prompt attention paid to orders through the mail.

June 25, '96. C. B. NEWBERRY.

MARBLE AND GRANITE Monuments AND Headstones

The public is cordially invited to visit my yard, where they will always find a choice collection of

Monuments

—AND—

Headstones

to select from. My workmanship stands

SECOND TO NONE

in the South, and my prices are as low as can be obtained for strictly first-class work A large lot of DESIGNS to select from.

Very respectfully,

E. L. REMSBURG,

Prop. Fayetteville Marble and Granite Works

Sale Under Execution.

By virtue of nine executions directed to the undersigned from the Superior Court of Cumberland County, upon judgments Nos. 5895, 5911, 5917, 5919, 5920, 5958, 5963, 6099 and 6205, as will more fully appear by reference to the Judgment Docket of Cumberland County, in certain actions entitled William A Tottle & Co. and others, against G. H. Ingram I will, on Monday, the 18th day of January, 1897, at 12 o'clock M., the first day of the January Term of said Superior Court, at the Court House door of said County, sell to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy said executions, all the right, title and interest of the said G. H. Ingram defendent of, in and to the following described land, viz: A tract of land adjoining Adams street on the South and Kennedy street on the East, in the town of Fayetteville, being the house and lot known as the G. H. Ingram place, and being the same land conveyed by J. C. McCaskill and wife to said G. H. Ingram by deed dated October 22, 1887, registered in Book I, No. 4, page 300, Register of Deeds office of Cumberland County, except a strip of said land heretofore sold by G. H. Ingram and wife to Mark Morgan as will more fully appear by reference to deed recorded in Book I, No. 4, page 350 Register of Deeds office of Cumberland County.

This December 17th, 1896.

McD. GEDDIE,
Sheriff of Cumberland County.

Coal and Wood.

All kinds of WOOD—sawed any length. Hard and Soft Domestic COAL.

☞ Free Delivery.

J. N. EMMITT,
Telephone No. 57.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE FAYETTEVILLE PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY

Enters the new year with perfect facilities for all kinds of printing, and solicits a continuance of your patronage.

J. R. WILLIAMS,
Secretary.

The Clyde Steamship Co

New York, Wilmington, N. C.

—AND—

Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

FROM PIER 29, EAST RIVER, NEW YORK

Located bet. Chambers and Roosevelt Sts

NEW YORK FOR WILMINGTON.

S. S. CROATAN ..... Saturday, Jan. 9
ONEIDA ..... Saturday, Jan. 16

WILMINGTON FOR NEW YORK.

ONEIDA ..... Monday, Jan. 11
S. S. CROATAN ..... Saturday, Jan. 16

WILMINGTON FOR GEORGETOWN, S. C.

S. S. CROTAN ..... Tuesday, Jan. 12
ONEIDA ..... Tuesday, Jan. 19

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and

At Raleigh Wednesday.

Raleigh was full of rumors and excitement Wednesday. The fight between Butler and Pritchard is getting very bitter and though Butler seems to be defeated his friends claim that he has a trump card yet to play which will startle his opponents. The republican caucus last night endorsed Pritchard by a rising vote, every member assenting except Claudius Dockery, who said he might vote against Pritchard. The democratic caucus sent the following resolutions to the populist caucus:

1. That we invite co-operation with the populist members of the legislature to the end that a consistent, unswerving and earnest advocate of the free coinage of silver and opponent of trusts and combines and an advocate of an income tax be elected to the United States Senate.

2 That a committee of five, two Senators and three Representatives, be appointed to confer with a committee to be named by the populist party members, to arrange all details and that this committee make known at once this action to the populist caucus.

3. That should the populists favorably respond to this proposition for co-operation, we pledge ourselves to abide by and perform any agreement entered into by our committee.

It is said that Butler is opposed to another populist Senator, and is in favor of a free silver republican.

Butler has a long editorial in his paper on the subject of Pritchard's change on the money question and says that he does not believe in his professions for silver after his course in the recent campaign. He also publishes a list of 16 populists members said to be favorable to Pritchard and he says that of this number fourteen have told him that they did not authorize the statement that they would vote for Pritchard, "though," says Butler, "many of them may do so."

Butler then goes for Harry Skinner and says that he is trying to disrupt the populist party.

The republicans say that Harry Skinner will succeed Butler in the Senate four years hence by their aid.

Three republicans are opposed to Pritchard, Dockery, Brower and Cox.

The Legislature met Wednesday. The Raleigh correspondent of the Messenger says:

At noon, Satterfield, principal clerk of the last house, called the house to order. It is a good looking body. Rev. Dr. Lewi Branson offered the opening prayer and prayed that laws to prevent intemperance might be enacted.

Reading Clerk Stanford, of the last house, called the roll of members. These came forward in "blocks of five" and were sworn in by Associate Justice Montgomery. The thirty democrats sit on the speaker's left, all together in a section.

There are eight colored members, two each from Edgecombe and Halifax and one each from Granville, Northampton Wake and Vance

The officers elected were Hileman, Speaker; principal clerk, E O. Masden; reading clerk, F. B. Benbow; doorkeeper, D. T. House; assistant, Abe Middleton, colored; engrossing clerk, D. F. Scarborough.

The following officers of the Senate were elected: Principal clerk, Hill E. King; doorkeeper, T. N. Halliburton; assistant doorkeeper, D. G. McCarthy; reading clerk, J. W. Watson; engrossing clerk, J. Buchanan.

Populists Bolt.

Nineteen populists bolted their party's caucus Friday night. The fight is one of the bitterest factional party fights in the history of the State. The following are the names of the members who bolted:

T. E. McCaskey, J F. Newsom, J. M. Early, G. L. Hardison, G. H. Cannon, D. Reed Parker, R. H. W. Barker, E. F. Wakefield, H. E. Hodges, C. P. I. Marlborough, J. E. Ryan, T. H. Roundtree, J. G. Harris, Frank Brown, L A Abernethy, C. M. Babbitt, J. H. Parker, J. J. White and C. C. Fagan.

It is not absolutely known that all of these men will vote for Pritchard, but it is srtongly suspected that they are Hanna's.

Butler still seems confident of victory, though as a leading republican of this county said to an OBSERVER reporter the other day, "a man [Mark Hanna] who made a president can certainly buy a senatorship."

Nothing definite will take place before next week and then there may be a deadlock. This morning's press dispatches say:

At 8 o'clock the populist caucus met in the seate chamber. As its members, sixty-one in number, filed in, Senator McCaskey, who is the leader of the anti Butler faction, said to a republican: "I have rebelled against high-handed tyranny." Members of the state central committee were the only outsiders admitted. Several speeches were made, and Peace, of the central committee, urged support of Pritchard for senator, Cy. Thompson followed Peace in the same strain.

At 10:30 o'clock the doors were suddenly thrown open and there was a rush of populists through the rotunda into the hall of the lower house, of which they took possession. McCaskey headed the rush, and in a few moments began to address the bolters.

Riddled with Bullets.

Simon Cooper, nine times a murderer was surrounded in a house on the outskirts of Lynchburg, S. C., Friday. He was armed with a Winchester rifle and defied arrest. The posse then sent for a cannon and long range rifles, but before they arrived, some of the party had crept up behind an adjacent building and dropped the fiend. He was then taken in charge by the officers and was on the way to Lynchburg when a mob assembled, took the negro from the officers, swung him up to a tree and riddled his body with bullets. They then dragged the body through the streets of Lynchburg, much to the joy of the colored inhabitants who had been terrorized by the inhuman wretch.

A Big Criminal Docket.

The January term the Criminal Court of Cumberland county convenes in this city Monday week, the 18th instant. Clerk of the Court Murphy informs us that there are already 91 criminal cases for trial and that the number will probably reach one hundred by court week. This is one of the largest criminal dockets in the record of the county, 101 being the largest in Mr. Murphy's recollection.

There are two capital cases on the docket, Bishop Holmes for murder, and the negro Simpson for rape, the latter however is not likely to be tried, having made his escape from jail several months ago.

Abominable Catarrh.

It is not reasonable to expect to be cured of any disease, no matter how constant and persevering the treatment, when that treatment is altogether misdirected, and can not possibly reach the trouble.

This explains why those afflicted with catarrh meet with so much discouragement. Though they faithfully take the usual treatment consisting of sprays, washes, etc., and pass through the summer without much discomfort, as soon as cold weather returns, they find themselves more firmly in the grip of the disease than ever. Such results could hardly be expected if the proper treatment had been given.

Any one who has had experience with catarrh will readily admit that it is one of the most obstinate af diseases; it is easy to see, therefore, that it is deep-seated, and that no remedy which merely reaches the surface can have the slightest effect upon it. The only known cure for catarrh is a real blood remedy, one which gets at the seat of the disease—the cause of the trouble—and forces it from the system. Such a remedy is S. S. S. (Swift's Specific).

MR. H. P. COOK.

Mr. H. P. Cook, of 32 Walker street, Atlanta, Ga., suffered intensely from catarrh. He says:

"I at first thought I had only a bad cold, and didn't give much attention to the obstructions in my nose and throat. This soon became noticeable, and began to so inconvenience me, that I applied for treatment and was given the usual local applications of sprays, washes, etc. The immediate effect of the treatment was to relieve me, but only for a short time after application, and I could easily see that the disease was growing worse steadily, and seemed to grow deeper toward my lungs; my nose and throat were constantly choked up, so that I was all the time hawking and spitting, and to add to it all, the disease became very offensive. I was unable to obtain much sleep, being compelled to get up constantly during the night to clear my throat and keep from choking.

"I tried various treatments without relief, as none of the medicines seemed to reach the disease. Finally, some one recommended S. S. S., and before I had finished one bottle, I felt better. I continued the medicine, and it cured me permanently. I truly believe S.S.S. is the only cure for catarrh, the most abominable of all diseases."

S. S. S. is unlike all other blood remedies, because it is more than a mere tonic, and goes directly to the seat of all blood diseases, and cures the most aggravated cases of Cancer, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Eczema, Scrofula, Contagious Blood Poison, etc. S. S. S. is the only blood remedy guaranteed

Purely Vegetable.

Books on blood and skin diseases will be mailed free to any address, by SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Cumberland's Woman Pensioners.

The following widows of Confederate soldiers of Cumberland county draw $16 a year from the State fund:

Mrs. H. White, Robin Hill.
Mrs. Bart Bryant, Fayetteville.
Mrs. Hiram Bunce, Fayetteville.
Mrs. J. W. Carroll, Godwin.
Mrs. Duncan J. Currie, Pike.
Mrs. James K. Driver, Hope Mills.
Mrs. Daniel Graham, Godwin.
Mrs. Wm. H. Hargrove, Hargrove.
Mrs. Charles Gurley, Hope Mills.
Mrs. D. T. Hollingsworth, Fayetteville.
Mrs. Arthur Horne, Clay Fork.
Mrs. Willis Malone, Fayetteville.
Mrs. Daniel Mathews, Stedman.
Mrs. John Murphy, Fayetteville.
Mrs. Philip Muselwhite, Elonis.
Mrs. James H. Carter, Fayetteville.
Mrs. B F. Ringold, Blocker's.
Mrs. W. J. Simms, Cumberland.
Mrs. W. J. Bushel, Fayetteville.
Mrs. W. B. Carter, Stedman.
Mrs. Edward Cashwell, Stedman.
Mrs. J. M. Cheek, Fayetteville.
Mrs. John Ellis, Jr., Fayetteville.
Mrs. Bryant Green, Fayetteville.
Mrs. Joshua Lovett, Hope Mills.
Mrs. Wiley Simmons, Sherwood.
Mrs. James B. Thagard, Cedar Creek.
Mrs. A. D. McBryde, Clay Fork.
Mrs. James S. Cain, Fayetteville.
Mrs. H. Williams, Cornelia.
Mrs. Thomas Flowers, Fayetteville.
Mrs. Henry Arnett, "
Mrs. William Baker, "
Mrs. John D. Calins, "
Mrs. George T. Calcut, Cumberland.
Mrs. W. H. Massey, Fayetteville.
Mrs. Wiley Clitton, Autryville.
Mrs. H. V. Strickland, Stedman.
Mrs. D. M. Johnson, Hope Mills.
Mrs. B. F. Yarboro, Idaho.
Mrs. A. N. Jackson, Robin Hill.
Mrs. Daniel Riley, Stedman.
Mrs. Nixon Pope, Fayetteville.
Mrs. Wm. McVickar, Raeford.
Mrs. John H. Tolar, Idaho.

The Legislature Thursday—Sutton on Two Committees.

The reading of the Governor's message occupied most of the time of both houses yesterday.

The Speaker of the House announced the following committees:

Privileges and Elections—Messrs. Cooke, Blackburn, Sutton of New Hanover, Peace, Bryan of Chatham, Brown, Person of Wayne, Cunningham and Gallop.

Banking and Currency—Messrs. Bryan of Chatham, Hauser, Crumpler, Ormsby, Cox, Adams and McKenzie.

Rules—Messrs. Sutton of Cumberland, Brower, Bryan of Chatham, Schulken and Nelson.

Judiciary—Messrs. Lusk, Sutton of Cumberland, Cooke, Young, Schulken, Price, Craven, Seales and Cunningham.

Pain-Killer.

(PERRY DAVIS'.)

A Sure and Safe Remedy in every case and every kind of Bowel Complaint is

Pain-Killer.

This is a true statement and it can't be made too strong or too emphatic.

It is a simple, safe and quick cure for

Cramps, Cough, Rheumatism,
Colic, Colds, Neuralgia,
Diarrhœa, Croup, Toothache.

TWO SIZES, 25c. and 50c.

THE LEGISLATURE.

Raleigh News and Observer, 27th.]

On joint ballot the Republicans have 66 members, the Populists 58, the Democrats 44, with two in doubt.

The next Legislature will stand as follows:

THE STATE SENATE.

First District, (Currituck, Camden, Pasquotank, Hertford, Gates, Chowan and Perquimans counties). J. L. Whidley, Republican, and J. F. Newsome, Populist.

Second District (Tyrrell, Washington, Martin, Dare, Beaufort, Hyde and Pamlico), McCaskie, Populist, and Yeager, Republican.

Third District (Bertie and Northampton), J. M. Early, Populist.

Fourth District (Halifax), E. T. Clark, Populist.

Fifth District (Edgecombe), Lee Person, Republican.

Sixth District (Pitt), Moye, Populist.

Seventh District (Wilson, Nash and Franklin), J. F. Mitchell, Populist, J. T. Sharp, Republican.

Eighth District (Craven, Jones, Carteret, Lenoir, Greene and Onslow), G. L. Hardison, Populist, and McCarthy, Republican.

Ninth District (Duplin, Wayne and Pender), H. L. Grant, Republican, and R. G. Maxwell, Populist.

Tenth District (New Hanover and Brunswick), Geo. H. Cannon, Populist.

Eleventh District (Vance and Warren), W. B. Henderson, Republican.

Twelfth District (Wake), C. H. Utley, Populist.

Thirteenth District (Johnston), E. S. Abell, Democrat.

Fourteenth District (Sampson, Harnett and Bladen), Geo. Butler, Populist and E. N. Roberson, Populist.

Fifteenth District (Columbus and Robeson), Angus Shaw, Populist; and J. D. Maultsby, Republican.

Sixteenth District (Cumberland) J. McP. Geddie, Populist.

Seventeenth District (Granville and Person), Dr. Wm. Merritt, Populist.

Eighteenth District (Caswell, Alamance, Orange and Durham), Capt. E. S. Parker, Democrat, and J. E. Lyon, Populist.

Nineteenth District (Chatham), John W. Atwater, Populist.

Twentieth District (Rockingham), J. A. Walker, Populist.

Twenty first District (Guilford), Alf. Scales, Democrat.

Twenty second District (Randolph and Moore), D. Reid Parker, Populist.

Twenty-third District (Richmond, Montgomery, Anson and Union), W. H. Adams, Populist, and Daniel Patterson, Republican.

Twenty-fourth District (Cabarrus and Stanly), C. D. Barringer, Democrat.

Twenty fifth District (Mecklenburg), Dr. J. B. Alexander, Populist.

Twenty sixth District (Rowan, Davidson and Forsyth), S. Earnhardt, Populist and Jno. A. Ramsey, Republican.

Twenty-seventh District (Iredell, Davie and Yadkin), Shaw and Sharp, Republicans.

Twenty eighth District (Stokes and Surry), one Republican.

Twenty-ninth District (Catawba, Lincoln, Wilkes and Alexander), R. H. W. Barber, Populist, and one Republican.

Thirtieth District (Alleghany, Ashe and Watauga), Thos. Sutherland, Democrat.

Thirty first District (Caldwell, Burke, Mitchell, McDowell and Yancy), E. F. Wakefield, Populist, and one Republican.

Thirty second District (Gaston, Cleveland, Rutherford and Polk), M. H. Justice, Democrat, J. A. Anthony, Democrat.

Thirty-third District (Buncombe, Madison and Haywood), Geo. H. Smathers, Republican, and W. W. Rollins, Republican.

Thirty fourth District (Henderson, Transylvania, Jackson and Swain), H. S. Anderson, Republican.

Thirty-fifth District (Macon, Clay, Cherokee and Graham), J. Frank Ray, Democrat.

The representation would stand:

Populists	24
Democrats	9
Republicans	17

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Alexander; J. W. Watts, Democrat.
Alamance; S. A. White, Republican.
Alleghany; M. F. Jones, Democrat.
Anson; T. C. Leak, Democrat.
Ashe; Spencer Blackburn, Republican.
Beaufort; H. E. Hodges, Populist.
Bertie; H. W. White, Republican.
Bladen; Sidney Meares, Republican.
Brunswick: W. W. Drew, Populist.
Buncombe, V. S. Lusk, Republican, W. G. Candler, Republican.
Burke; John H. Pearson, Democrat.
Cabarrus; A. F. Hileman, Populist.
Caldwell; J. L. Nelson, Democrat.
Camden; Republican.
Carteret; E. C. Duncan, Republican.
Caswell; C. J. Yarborough, Populist.
Catawba; L. R. Whitener, Populist.
Camden; J. E. Burgess, Republican, and J. E. Bryan, Populist.
Cherokee; D. W. Deweese, Republican.
Chowan; Richard Elliott, Republican.
Clay; Wm. Plott, Democrat.
Cleveland; Dr. B. F. Dixon, Democrat
Columbus; J. B. Schulken, Populist.
Craven; Robt. Handcock, Republican.
Cumberland; Thos. H. Sutton, Republican, and W. P. Wemyss, Republican.
Currituck: W. H. Gallop, Democrat.
Dare; Geo. C. Daniels, Republican.
Davidson; J. W. McCreary, Republican.
Davie; W. A. Bailey, Republican.
Duplin; Maury Ward, Populist.
Durham; John W. Umstead, Democrat.
Edgecomb; Jordan Dancy, Republican, and E. E. Bryan, Republican.
Forsyth; J. L. Grubbs, Republican, and W. P. Ormsley, Republican.
Franklin; Carter Barrow, Populist.
Gaston, —— White, Democrat.
Gates; J. J. Gatling, Democrat.
Graham; John Davton, Republican.
Granville; King, Populist, Crews, Republican.
Guilford; J. T. Burch, Democrat, B. G. Chilcutt, Republican.
Greene; W. R. Dixon, Populist.
Halifax; J. H. Arrington, Republican, Scott Harris, Populist.
Harnett, Chapin, Republican.
Haywood; J. W. Ferguson, Democrat.
Henderson; J. B. Freeman, Republican.
Hertford; Stark Hare, Republican.
Hyde; John G. Harris, Populist.
Iredell; J. R. McLellan, Democrat, and J. A. Hartness, Democrat.
Jackson; Walter E. Moore, Democrat.
Johnston; Claude M. Smith, Democrat, and Chas. M. Creech, Democrat.
Jones; —— Brown, Populist.
Lenoir; N. P. Hauser, Populist.
Lincoln; L. A. Abernethy, Populist
Macon; —— Lyle, Democrat.
Madison; J. W. Roberson, Republican.
Martin; Fagan, Populist.
McDowell; W. A. Conley, Democrat.
Mecklenburg; Sol. Reid, Democrat, one Populist and one Democrat.
Mitchell; L. A. Green, Republican.
Montgomery; J. A. Reynolds, Populist.
Moore; W. H. H. Lawhorn, Democrat.
Nash; V. B. Carter, Populist.
New Hanover; Jno. T. Horne, Republican, D. D. Sutton, Republican.
Northampton; N. R. Rawls, Republican.
Onslow; R. Duffy, Democrat.
Orange; A. R. Holmes, Democrat
Populist.
Pamlico; C. M. Babbitt, Populist.
Pasquotank; Wm. G. Pool, Republican.
Perquimans; J. D. Parker, Populist.
Pender; Gibson James, Democrat.
Person; Jno. S. Cunningham, Democrat.
Pitt; E. V. Cox, Republican and Slade Chapman, Populist.
Polk; Grayson Alredge, Republican.
Randolph; J. J. White, Populist, and J. M. Allen, Republican.
Richmond; Claude Dockery, Republican, and Y. C. Morton, Populist.
Robeson; Duncan McBryde, Populist, and W. J. Currie, Republican.
Rockingham; A. E. Walters, Democrat, T. B. Foster, Populist.
Rowan, J. H. McKenzie, Democrat, and Walter Murphy, Democrat.
Rutherford; Lindsey Ferguson, Republican.
Sampson; C. H. Johnson, Populist, and R. W. Crumpler, Populist.
Stanly; E. T. Eddins, Democrat.
Stokes; R. J. Petree, Republican.
Surry; J. M. Brower, Republican.
Swain; J. H. Cathey, Democrat.
Transylvania; E. A. Aiken, Republican.
Tyrrell; Dr. Abe Alexander, Republican.
Union; Jas. Price, Populist.
Vance; W. M. Peace, Republican.
Wake; Jas. H. Young, Republican, J. P. H. Adams, Republican, and James Ferrell, Populist.
Warren; C. A. Cook, Republican.
Washington; L. N. C. Spruill, Republican.
Wautauga; Thos Bingham, Republican.
Wayne; T. B. Parker, Democrat, J. E. Person, Populist.
Wilkes; J. Q. A. Adams, Republican and C. H. Summers, Republican.
Wilson; Dr. B. T. Person, Populist.
Yadkin; J. C. Pinnix, Republican.
Yancey; —— Democrat.

This will give the several parties representation as follows:

Republicans	49
Democrats	35
Populists	34
Doubtful	2

May Die.

John Freeman who was shot in a row in Texas several weeks ago and whose assailant is in jail, is in a terrible condition and may not live.

His left eye is destroyed, his right leg from the thigh down is paralyzed, and his neck is as stiff as a board. It will be remembered that he was shot five times, with the muzzle of the pistol almost at his body, three bullets lodging against his skull and two striking him in the body. If Freeman had expired in nine days after the shooting the imprisoned darkey would probably have had to stand trial for his life.

Tutt's Pills Cure All Liver Ills.

Doctors Say;

Bilious and Intermittent Fevers which prevail in miasmatic districts are invariably accompanied by derangements of the Stomach Liver and Bowels.

The Secret of Health.

The liver is the great "driving wheel" in the mechanism of man, and when it is out of order, the whole system becomes deranged and disease is the result.

Tutt's Liver Pills

Cure all Liver Troubles.

Sale Under Execution.

By virtue of nine executions directed to the undersigned from the Superior Court of Cumberland County, upon judgments Nos. 5895, 5911, 5917, 5919, 5920, 5958, 5963, 6099 and 6205, as will more fully appear by reference to the Judgment Docket of Cumberland County, in certain actions entitled William A Tottle & Co. and others, against G. H. Ingram I will, on Monday, the 18th day of January, 1897, at 12 o'clock M., the first day of the January Term of said Superior Court, at the Court House door of said County, sell to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy said executions, all the right, title, claim and interest of the said G. H. Ingram defendant of, in and to the following described land, viz: A tract of land adjoining Adams street on the South and Kennedy street on the East, in the town of Fayetteville, being the house and lot known as the G. H. Ingram place, and being the same land conveyed by J. C. McCaskill and wife to said G. H. Ingram by deed dated October 22, 1887, registered in Book No. 4, page 300, Register of Deeds office of Cumberland County, except a strip of said land heretofore sold by G. H. Ingram and wife to Mark Morgan as will more fully appear by reference to deed recorded in Book I, No. 4, page 350 Register of Deeds office of Cumberland County.

This December 17th, 1896.

McD. GEDDIE,
Sheriff of Cumberland County.

NORTH CAROLINA, } In the
CUMBERLAND COUNTY. } Superior Court.

G. A. P. Wilkerson, Administrator of Estate of Alfred McSwain vs. Caroline Davis and others.

NOTICE.

The defendants Andrew McSwain and wife (given name not known), James McSwain and wife (given name not known) Eliza B. Williams and her husband James A. Williams, will take notice that a special proceeding, entitled as above, has been commenced in the Superior Court of Cumberland County, the summons being returnable before the Clerk of said Court on the 1st day of February, 1897, the purpose of said action being brought by the plaintiff to subject real estate to make assets to pay debts of the said estate, and costs and charges of administration, and the aforesaid defendants will further take notice, that they are required to appear before the Clerk of the Superior Court of said county at his office in the Court House in Fayetteville, N. C., on the 1st day of February, 1897, and answer or demur to the petition or complaint of the plaintiff, or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded therein.

This 19th day of December, 1896.

CYRUS MURPHY,
Clerk Superior Court.

H. L. COOK, Att'y. 12-19-6w

Beaver Creek and Bluff Mills,

H. W. LILLY, President,

OFFICE FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

Manufacturers of "Lake George" AA 4-4 Sheeting, Cotton Yarn and Batting.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

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INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
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Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE —OF— Chas. H. Fletcher. IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

ONLY $40 With Coupon

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Shipped anywhere to anyone at Wholesale
ONE OF OUR EXTRAORDINARY SPECIAL OFFERS

PIANO OR CORNING HOLY 3 or 4 bow LEATHER QUARTER fasteners, head lining of best seams and closed under the SPRING BACK, cloth or leather wing cushions, Sarven wheels ⅝ in. tread, 15-16 in. dead axle, welded and fantail bed, 4 springs of best quality. Body is 23½ in. wide by 52 in. long, made of ash frame and poplar panels, thoroughly glued, screwed and pinned, full length. All forgings, clips, bolts, etc., made of best Norway iron, first-class throughout. Bodies painted a rich black, gears Brewster green, hand-somely striped. Each buggy complete with shafts, lamps, carpet anti-rattlers, etc. A written warranty with each buggy.

$45.00 is our SPECIAL WHOLESALE PRICE. Never before sold for less, but to introduce our goods in this locality we have decided to make a special offer. Every reader of this paper can now purchase a first-class $75.00 buggy at the lowest price ever offered. Remember, $40.00 and coupon we will ship this buggy, well packed and crated and delivered on the cars. This is a rare opportunity to get a thoroughly high grade vehicle at the lowest price ever offered. Remember this is not a "cheap buggy." It is a strictly high grade vehicle. If you want a cheaper buggy or some other style of vehicle, send for our catalogue showing 400 different styles. We can sell you a top buggy as low as $30.00 and upwards. Money refunded if not satisfactory after trial and examination. Coupon must be sent with order to obtain this special price.

Coupon No. 1553
GOOD FOR
$5.00
If sent with Order for No. 120 Top Buggy or No. 145 Road Wagon

OR

This Elegant Road WITH COUPON

No. 120 TOP BUGGY

GOLD WAGONS—We have all styles, but this one is the most popular. Any dealer will ask you $45.00 for it. Our wholesale price is $30.00. Send us $25.00 and coupon and it is yours. Guaranteed to be made of selected material thoroughly seasoned, best end or side springs, Sarven patent wheels, cushion and Evans's leather trimmings, double reach ironed full length, 15-16 in. top rails, patent leather dash, painting [illegible] Brewster green or carmine with gold stripe, and finely finished throughout. A written warranty with each wagon [illegible] If not as represented. Does not will be higher next [illegible]

CASH BUYERS' UNION
158 W. Van Buren St.

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Monthly AN INTERNATIONAL MAGAZINE Illustrated

Edited by ALBERT SHAW

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THIS magazine is, in its contributed and departmental features, what its readers, who include the most noted names of the English-speaking world, are pleased to call "absolutely up to date," "thoroughly abreast of the times," "invaluable," and "indispensable." It is profusely illustrated with timely portraits, views, and cartoons. Its original articles are of immediate interest, by the best authorities on their respective subjects. The Editor's "Progress of the World" gives a clear, rightly proportioned view of the history of the human race during the current month. The "Leading Articles of the Month" present the important parts of the best magazine articles that have been written in every part of the world. The newest and most important books are carefully reviewed. Indexes, chronological records, and other departments complete the equipment that the reader of the REVIEW will miss nothing of great importance that is said or written or done throughout the world.

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Fall Session begins Thursday, September 24th, 1896, with the following Teachers:

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3rd " Miss Broadfoot.
4th " Miss Worth.
5th " Miss Evans.
6th " Miss O'Daniel.
7th " Mr. McLean.

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AND BRANCHES

AND FLORENCE RAILROAD

Condensed Schedule, Dec. 13, 1896.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Leave Weldon 11:50 a m, 9:44 p m; arrive Rocky Mount, 12:52 a m, 10:39 p m
Leave Tarboro 2:12 a m
Leave Rocky Mount, 1:00 p m, 10:39 p m, 3:10 a m, 12:45 p m
Leave Wilson 2:0. p m, 11:18 p m, 6: 5 a m, 2:12 p m.
Leave Selma, 2:0 p m.
Leave Fayetteville 4:10 p m, 1:07 a m.
Arrive Florence, 6:55 p m, 3:14 a m.
Leave Goldsboro, 5:10 p m, 7:00 a m.
Leave Magnolia, 6:16 p m, 8:03 a m.
Arrive Wilmington, 8:40 p m, 9:30 a m.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

Leave Florence, 8:45 a m, 8:35 p m.
Leave Fayetteville, 11:20 a m, 10.20 p m.
Leave Selma, 1:00 a m.
Arrive Wilson, 1:42 a m, 12:10 p m
Leave Wilmington, 9:05 a m, 7:15 p m.
Leave Magnolia, 10:19 a m, 8:55 p m.
Leave Goldsboro, 12:01 a m, 10:10 p m.
Leave Wilson, 1:12 p m, 12:15 p m, 10:23 p m 12:42 p m
Arrive Rocky Mount, 2:33 p m, 12:53 p m, 11:5. p m, 1:20 p m.
Leave Tarboro, 2:12 p m.
Leave Rocky Mount, 2:33 p m, 12:53 a m.
Arrive Weldon, 3:39 p m, 1:41 a m.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Read leaves Weldon 4:10 P M, Halifax 4:28 P M, arrives Scotland Neck at 5:20 P M. Greenville 6:57 P M., Kinston 7:55 P M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:20 A M Greenville 8:22 A M. Arriving Halifax at 11:00 A M, Weldon 11:20 A M, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:00 A. M., and 2 P. M., arrive Parmele 8:50 A. M., and 3:40 P. M., returning leave Parmele 9:0 A M. and 6:30 P. M., arrive Washington 11:25 A. M., and 7:20 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, daily at 2:30 P M, arrives Plymouth 7:10 P M; Returning leaves Plymouth 7:30 A M, arrives Tarboro 9:30 A M.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday, 7:10 A M, arriving Smithfield 8:30 A M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9:00 A M. arrive Goldsboro 10:25 A M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4:30 P M, arrives Nashville 5:50 P M, Spring Hope 5:30 P M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 6:0 A M, Nashville 8:35 A M, arrives Rocky Mount 9:05 A M, daily, except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 11:10 A M. and 9:15 P M Returning leaves Clinton at 7:00 A M., and 3:00 P M.

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all point north daily, also rail via Richmond and at Rocky Mount via Norfolk and Carolina Railroad for Norfolk and all points North via Norfolk.

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